The Democratic Pioneer.

TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME IX.] ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1858. [NUMBER 11.

EMOCRATIC PIONEER.

B. GODWIN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

TERMS.

Single copy, one year, - - - $2 50
Five copies, one year, - - - - - 11 00
Ten copies, one year, - - - - - 20 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

For a square of 16 lines or less, first insertion $1, every subsequent one, 25 cents. Annual advertisements made on favorable terms.

OFFICE corner of Main and Road Streets

GODWIN. M. V. GILBERT. JNO. L. PALMER.

ERRY'S CITY HOTEL,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
EDWIN BERRY, PROPRIETOR.
E SUBSCRIBER WOULD RE-
pectfully inform his friends and
and the public generally, that
leased for a term of years the
formerly kept by George A.
ms, Esq., and is now prepared to ac-
date all who may favor him with their
age.
able will always be furnished with the
st edibles afforded by our market, and
vants will be found polite and attentive.
travelling public are requested to give
call. Every possible exertion will be
to give entire satisfaction to those who
op at the "CITY HOTEL."
il 28, 1857—1y

LEIGH HOUSE,
IZABETH CITY, N. C.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING LEAS-
ed for a term of years this spacious and
comfortable hotel, would announce their
ess to accommodate the traveling public,
a manner, they hope, as to meet with
robation.
House is known to be one of the largest
in the State—its ROOMS well furnished
nd comfortable, and to the cleanliness of
especial attention will be paid. Add to
TABLE well supplied with all the mar-
kets:—attentive servants; and landlords
ill do all in their power to please and
comfortable their guests; and the public
ot fear of having their wants and comfort
y and attentively administered to.
HINTON & LEE, *Proprietors.*
HINTON, }
LEE. } ja 19—tf.

A CARD.
MERCHANTS' HOTEL,
GATESVILLE, N. C.
accommodate from 3 to 400 persons in
est style; also I have one of the largest
in the State, and mule lots attached, for
mmodation of the public generally.
and see me.
3, 1858. T. G. VAUGHAN.

OFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,
NEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
GATESVILLE, N. C.
LL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotanks.
ess in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

JOSEPH E. CARTER,
RNEY & COUNCELLOR AT LAW,
MURFREESBOROUGH, N. C.
LL practice in the County Courts of Hertford, Bertie, Northampton, and Counties. Particular attention paid to ns, and all business entrusted to my l meet with ready attention and scrupactness.
The best of references can be given.
8th, 1857—1y.

. B. GODWIN,

DENTAL SURGEON,
NUES THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-
ion at his rooms, over the store of C.
& Co.
April 28, 1857.

USINESS CARDS.

JOS. } [D. D. SIMMONS.
D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,
NERAL COMMISSION & FOR-
WARDING MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VA.

J. H. WHITEHURST'S
TRO DAGUERREOTYPES.
GALLERIES
Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Street, Norfolk, Va.
mmon Street, Petersburg, Va.
Street, Lynchburg, Va.
likeness's taken equally well in all
aug 6

GEORGE W. BELL,

DEALER IN
IFLES, PISTOLS, SPORTING APPARATUS
AND FINE CUTLERY,
d Street, *Elizabeth City, N. C.*
17—1y

ARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned
e this day formed a Co-partnership,
e style and firm of DELK & LINDSEY,
rpose of conducting a GENERAL COMsiness. We most respectfully solicit
ronage; pledging ourselves to prompt
ful attention to all business confided to
perience of Mr. Delk, in the business
st thirteen years, gives our firm all the
es of a thorough knowledge of the
on business.
prepared to grant the usual facilities
ends.
EDWIN H. DELK,
Late of Hardy & Delk.
EDMUND C. LINDSEY,
Late of Currituck Co. N. C.
, Va., Aug. 19th, 1856. 1y

Watch Making Establishment.
UNDERSIGNED INTENDING
make Elizabeth City his permaidence, is prepared to repair Watches
ks of any description, and will do every
his power to give satisfaction. Work
h the greatest despatch and warranted.
mended in a substantial, durable and
anner. Ladies and gentlemen are reo give him a trial. A share of public
e will be thankfully received. Please
he store on Road street, one door South
Pioneer office.
W. GEORGE SARTORIUS.
4, 1856.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!!
BBLS. NO HERRINGS, FOR
sale by
J. J. GRANDY.

POETRY.

[From the Washington Union.]

MARY WALTON.

Mary Walton! Mary Walton!
Tell me, tell me, where is she—
Is she playing with the children
On the daisy-sprinkled lea—
Gathering flowers,
From the bowers,—
Where can Mary Walton be?

Go and seek her by the river,—
Bending o'er the lilies fair,
Wading in the crystal water,—
See if you can find her there,—
She is straying—
Long in staying—
See if Mary Walton's there!

Hie thee to the blue-waved ocean,
Seek her on the pebbly strand—
Gathering tiny shells and sea-weed
In her chubby baby hand,—
Step ye gently—
Seek intently,—
Little foot prints in the sand.

Little children hasten thither,—
Thro' the dingle, o'er the lea—
Seek her on the hill and mountain,—
Lead her gently home to me,—
Little fairy—
Laughing Mary,—
Little ones she'll come with thee.

And they sped—those little children—
Lightly footed o'er the sand,—
Sought her in the shadowy valley,
Sought her on the pebbly strand—
'Did ye find her,—
Did ye bind her,—
Gently to your little hands?'

'Mary Walton! yes, we found her—
Sleeping 'neath a hillock lone,—
Blue-eyed daisies watching o'er her,
And her name upon a stone,—
Pointing Heavenward,
Ever Heavenward,
THERE has Mary Walton flown!'

MISCELLANEOUS.

AN APENNINE ADVENTURE.

While stopping in Florence, at the 'Casa del Bello,' my companion and guide was James L. Grover, an American painter of some note, whom I had known well in the land of his nativity. It was Sunday evening, and on the following day I was to start for Bologna. Grover and myself sat upon one of the balconies of our chamber, engaged in conversation over our cigars, and after we had talked awhile of the various things we had seen during the day, he asked me if he had ever told me of his adventure among the Apennines. I told him I had never heard it.

'Then I must tell it to you,' he said, throwing away his cigar and taking a sip of wine.

I lighted a fresh cigar, and he related to me as follows:

'Four years ago this summer my brother and two sisters visited me here in Florence. They spent two weeks with me, and then started for Venice, by the way of Bologna, where they had friends whom they were anxious to see. I should have gone with them had I not been engaged upon a work which I had promised to have done within a given time; but as it was, we made the thing work very well, for my brother expected two thousand dollars by the hands of a friend who was shortly expected from Rome, and it was arranged that I should take the money when it came, and bring it with me to Venice when I got ready to meet them there. My brother left the necessary document for the obtaining of the money, and in due time set out.

'On the very next day I was taken ill, and was confined to my bed a week, but I got out and finished my work just as my friend arrived from Rome with the money. He delivered it into my hands upon the production of my brother's written instruction, and I set the next Monday as the day on which I would start. I was really not fit to undertake such a journey, but I could not miss seeing my sisters once more before they returned home. I could have sent the money easily enough, but I promised myself too much pleasure with my dear relatives in Venice to miss it now.

'Monday morning came, and I could not rise from my bed without assistance.—A sort of neuralgic affection had seized all my nerves, and I was forced to stay in doors, and to resort to hot baths and medicine. But on the following morning I felt able to start, and I did so. Upon reaching Pistoja, I learned that there was no diligence to leave before the next day.—I could not stand this. I was already behind my time, and if the thing could be accomplished I must go on. There was a diligence under the shed, but no one to drive it. 'But can't we have some one?' I asked. 'If Signor will pay,' was the laconic reply. Of course I would pay; and though the sum charged was a pretty round one, yet I did not hesitate. The lumbering vehicle was dragged out; four miserable-looking horses were attached, and then a yoke of stout oxen hitched on ahead of them. Two rough looking fellows were provided, one as a *vetturino* (postillion,) and the other to drive the oxen. Thus provided, I took my seat and the diligence started.

'We were to cross the Apennines by the pass of *La Collina*, and just began to ascend the rugged mountain path when I heard a loud balloing behind, and in a moment the diligence stopped.

'What's the matter?' I asked, poking my head out through the opening by my side.

'Two men want to ride,' returned the vetturino.

'But I hired the diligence, and am in a hurry; so drive off. If they wish to ride they must wait until to-morrow.'

But the drivers were not to be governed thus.

'It won't make a bit of difference,' they said. 'We'll go just as fast; and besides, they'll pay us something.'

By this time the cause of all the trouble made its appearance in the shape of two dark-visaged, black-bearded, powerful men, who looked ugly enough for the incarnation of murder. I recognised one of them as a fellow whom I had seen hanging about the hotel at Florence, and the other I was confident I had caught a glimpse of just as the diligence left the yard at Pistoja.

I was upon the point of speaking when the thought occurred to me that I had better keep my knowledge of the Italian language to myself. I might find out the character of the fellows thus. I knew very well that further remonstrance would be useless, for the drivers were stupidly hoggish, and the new applicants were clearly not men to be argued with. The door was open and the fellows entered. I occupied the back seat, and they took the seat at the other end, fixing themselves so as to face me. They looked at me out of wicked eyes, and as they threw back their short cloaks I saw they were well armed.

'Hope we don't trouble you?' said one of them in coarse Italian, as the diligence started on.

I gazed inquiringly into his face, but made no reply.

He repeated the remark.

'No comprehend, Signor,' I said, shaking my head.

'Ah—Englise?' he suggested with a shrug of his shoulders.

'No—Irish,' I told him.

'Ugh!' he grunted, with another shrug of the broad massive shoulders, with an awful scowl of the face.

We had now begun to ascend the mountain in good earnest, and our pace was slow and lumbering. The fellow who drove the oxen made noise enough for an army, while the blows upon both oxen and horses fell hard and thick, but without accomplishing anything. Had I been alone I might have enjoyed the magnificent scenery which unfolded itself below as we crept up the Collina, but as I was I could not think of anything save the two men who forced themselves upon me. Pretty soon as one of them spoke, and though I appeared not to notice them, yet I could see that they were watching me closely.

'Death and destruction!' he uttered in his own tongue, 'we shall be over the precipice if that drunken driver is not careful.'

'I read the fellow's purpose in a moment, and not a movement betrayed my understanding of what he said. My eyes were half closed and to all appearance I was unconscious even of their presence.

'He's right. He don't understand us,' said one of them.

'All safe,' returned the other.

After this they conversed together quite freely, and I was not long in having my worst fears realized. But not a change could they detect in my countenance. I kept my knowledge as secret as the very grave, and all my feeling was within me. After a while they became satisfied that I knew nothing of their language and they became more bold in their speech, and talked their plan all over, and from them I learned the following highly interesting particulars:

The one whom I had seen in Florence had, by some means, learned that I was to carry quite a large sum of money with me across the mountains, and he had come on to Pistoja where his confederate was, to await my arrival, intending to rob me there, if possible. But when they found that I was to go alone in the diligence, they had a better plan. They would rob me on the mountain. The two drivers were friends of theirs, and were to be paid liberally for allowing themselves to be overcome. The villains talked about cutting my throat, shooting me through the head, or plunging a knife to my heart, and then throwing me over the precipice, as coolly as though they had been planning the death of a fowl for dinner! The place where they were to murder me was about a mile distant, where the road wound round a high craig, with an almost perpendicular wall of rock upon one hand, a deep chasm on the other.

This was an interesting position, sure enough. I was weak—weak at best—but doubly weak now with my illness and the only weapon I had was a single pistol.—Either of the brigands could have thrown me over his head with ease, and as for fighting with them, that was out of the question. What could I do? Both the drivers were in league with them. If I leaped from the diligence, I should die on the spot where I landed. If I shot one of the bandits, the other would annihilate me in a moment. I had the gold in a small traveling bag under my feet, and as the heavy carriage jolted over the stones, the yellow pieces jingled sharply, and I could see the eyes of the villains sparkle like stars.

'At length the high craggy peak was in sight, and I could see where the road wound abruptly round it. Thus far I had been torturning my brains to invent some way of escape, but without effect. I was as thoroughly hedged in as though bound by iron chains. And in a few minutes all would be over! Still I felt for my pistol, and had it ready.

'Presently the diligence stopped at the foot of an abrupt rise, and the fellow who drove the oxen came and told the bandits they must get out and walk up. They stepped out at once, and in a moment I heard a slight scuffle. I looked out just in time to see both the drivers lashed together by the arms, back to back. They must have been placed ready for the operation, for the thing had been done with incredible quickness. I drew my pistol and awaited the result. My heart was in my mouth, but the intense excitement rendered me strong for the while.

'In a few seconds one of the villains came and poked the muzzle of a huge pistol into my face.

'*Gold! Gold!*' he said. 'Give me gold or die!'

It was the work of a second to knock his weapon down with my left hand, while with my right I brought up my own pistol and fired. The ball entered between his eyes, and he reeled back and fell. Then I leaped after him; for I saw his companion coming up on the other side. I hoped to gain the dead man's pistol, but ere I could do so, the heavy hand of the living bandit was upon my shoulder, and his pistol aimed at my head. With an energy which the presence of death can alone beget, I knocked his weapon down, and grappled with him. He hurled me to the ground as though I had been a child; but before he could follow up his advantage the postillion cried out:

'Hold, Marco! a vettura is coming!'

'The robber turned, and in a moment more a heavy vettura, with four horses attached came round the corner full upon us. I started to my feet, and saw my brother looking from the window.

'Help! Robbers!' I shouted with all my might.

'The bandit had taken aim at the vetturino of the new team but he was too late. My brother had comprehended the whole truth in a moment, and with a sure aim and a quick one too, he shot the villain through the heart.

'We secured my two drivers, and then matters were quickly explained. I told my brother all that had happened, and he then told me he had heard of my illness and was coming back to see me. One of my sisters had been ill at Bologna, so that they had not yet gone to Venice, but were waiting until I should be able to join them. You can imagine how deep our gratitude was, and how fervently we blessed God for this fortune interposition. My joy seemed to lift me from the pain I had suffered, and I felt better than I had felt before for weeks.

And what should we do next? Sould we let the two rascally drivers go, and turn about for Bologna?'

'No,' said my brother. 'Our sisters won't expect us for three days, so we'll carry these villains back and give them up, and to-morrow we'll go over in my vettura.'

'We tumbled the two dead bodies into the diligence, and then bound the two drivers hand and foot, and tumbled them in after. The oxen were cast adrift, and my brother's vetturino mounted and started the heavy team back, while we resumed the control of the vettura ourselves.

'The drive down the mountain was quickly performed, and the city of Pistoja was reached without mishap. The two dead men were recognized as old offenders at once, and my testimony very quickly settled the business for the drivers. On the next night we were in Bologna, where my sisters received me with open arms, and two days afterwards we were all in Venice.

'So much for my trip across the Apennines. And let me say to you: if you ever have occasion to hire a special diligence, with strange drivers, to ride over the mountains of Italy, be sure that you are well armed; and have a trusty friend with you if possible.'

WHAT IT IS TO BE A BELLE.

BY A BELLE.

It isn't enough to be pretty and modest to be a belle. Good manners are not the secret, neither is great beauty alone, though that comes nearer that anything else. But don't you know what people call *tone* in pictures? It isn't the color nor the drawing, only, it is a sort of something not to be described; at least I have asked a great many of the long-haired, bad-hatted gentry who paint pictures, and they never agreed what it was. It is a sort of mellow complexion over the whole thing, and is as different from mere color as the bloom upon a ripe grape or plum is from the crude positive hue of the unripe fruit—or didn't you ever notice the difference? No? Well then, come to Nahant, and you can study every variety of blush and bloom upon ripening fruit in Mr. Tudor's gardens, behind those thick-paled fences, that strain these rough sea winds into soft zephyrs before they touch his trees, very much as a fine-tooth comb would transform the rummy breath of any old sailor on the coast into a kind of music before it polluted the baby's lungs.

All this means *tact*. To be a belle it is necessary to be handsome, well made, of great good manners, and of consummate tact. Now, every girl can have almost anything but the chief thing. If you are not positively squint-eyed or deformed, resolution and Madame—well, the freshest French woman—will make you handsome and of good figure. Manners you must manage for yourself. I have found the best rule perfect kindness—I mean, of course, kindness of manner. Most men are a little bashful with women. Young men get over it by bravado—older men with a kind of silent, superior, condescending air. Now if you study never to take advantage of this shyness, which makes men doubly sensitive—so that many a clever man is conscious of being a perfect fool with women—if you never wound them by look, or word, or insinuation, or implication, and never seem in league with any one man against any other—why, a little judicious flattery of manner only, not of words, does the whole business—the man is yours.

Have you never noticed that very 'smart' women are never belles? There are, of course, what may be called 'loud' young ladies from some Western cities, and from New York, sometimes, who smoke and drink sherry cobblers at night, and call the gentlemen by their Christian names, and who are always very conspicuous; but there is the same difference between such people and belles that there is between notoriety and fame.

The difficulty is, that tact is not to be taught. It is the sublimest sympathy constantly on the alert. Its aim is to please—positively, by saying and doing what is agreeable; and negatively, by omitting all allusions that are not so. 'Never speak of hemp to a man whose father was hanged,' is the negative way of stating tact. 'All things to all men,' is the positive way. There is no need of asking me about the morality of this. I am treating on belles and manners, not of saints and moral philosophers.

One thing, however, I am free to say to you, in strict confidence; and that is, that good manners are not always indicative of good morals. I mean, of course, using the word manners in the usual sense. If you see a man or woman every day, you would naturally presently discover their sympathies and tastes. They would betray them involuntarily. For instance, if a man care[s] nothing for children—if he were impatient or ill tempered—he could conceal it for some time, but not for a long time, unless he has some very desirable end to serve by playing a huge and difficult game.

But for all that, if the great D—— should ever come to Nahant, or Newport, or Saratoga, which of course he never does—for where could he stay, what could he do?—and, entering his name upon the book as the Reverend Mr. Lamb, should mingle in the charming groups that swarm along the piazza or sit so amiably in the parlor, I think the manner of the reverend gentleman would be so winning and entertaining that the young men would view him without jealousy and the old without cynicism. The young woman would consider disparity of years nothing, where hearts were truly united; and the old ladies would seriously ponder how much they might reduce the necessary figures for their daughters, in consideration of certain advantages in the husband. Old and young would go to bed charmed with the manners of their new acquaintance; nor, among the other dreams of the night would the fancy obtrude itself that, when the Rev Lamb went off, he disappeared in smoke, and that the gentlemanly companion of the evening could such an awful tale unfold.

On the other hand, I suppose Dr. Johnson's morals were good, but his manners were certainly offensive.

You are surprised that I speak of Dr. Johnson? You have seen me whirling in the polka with Tom Dyce at the Hotel or racing over the beech with him in his wagon? Very well, it is true, I am that young lady. I wear two bracelets and ear rings, and these very hoopy skirts. I bowl, bathe, dance, dine, flirt, drive, sigh, smile, pick up mosses, and wander over the rocks in a broad-brimmed hat and a very becoming morning dress; which the girls here *will* call *pesynor*, apparently not knowing that *peignoir* is the dressing gown—mine is a short gown—in which we sit when the hair is being brushed. I am that same young lady—aged somewhere between seventeen and twenty-three. I have spoken of Dr. Johnson. I know about him and about a good many others, and you are surprised. That is always the way with men. You profess to honor us—your mouths froth with compliments. Suddenly we show that we are not fools, and you never forgive us. You say you want something 'feminine.' Especially men who drink brandy and water soon after breakfast, smoke all the morning, talk horses and drive horses all the afternoon, and gamble all night—especially these men want the 'feminine element, in woman.'

Don't their whole lives show they do? Don't every act of their lives proclaim upon the house tops their sympathy with what is womanly? Are they not an alluring style of oak for the shrinking and clinging vines to climb upon?

SOLOMON'S TEMPLE.

Mr. Williams, the editor of the Utica Herald, has reached Palestine in the course of his Eastern wanderings. The following is an extract from his last letter describing the 'Holy City.'

'The e was one 'Holy Place' in Jerusalem I sought in vain to visit—the site of the Temple of Solomon. It is, as you know, occupied by the principal Mosque of the city—the Mosque of Omar. Including the enclosure, it occupies the whole southwestern portion of the city, and appears to be one of the most imposing edifices I have seen in the East. Hitherto strangers have been permitted to visit it by paying a modest backsheesh of from five to fifteen dollars each; but of late the Mohammedans have been 'growing no better fast' in the matter of toleration, and this year have stucily shut the door of the sacred edifice in the teeth of the whole squad of 'Christian dogs.' I attempted to look into the enclosure, but a Turkish sentinel offered to make me a present of the contents of a very rusty musket, while an old vagabond who stood near suggestively drew his finger across his throat, indicating by such suggesture that in case I should enter I should for the future be relieved of the bore of carrying a head upon my shoulders. These rascally Mohammedans have also placed some sacred edifice or other over the tomb of David, so that no Christian is permitted to see the resting place of the great Psalmist. And I may here remark that there is no sadder spectacle in all this curse-stricken land than that of Arabs, and, if possible, still more degraded Turks, lording it over the sacred city. The ground once pressed by the feet of Solomon, and David, and Christ, now echoes to the tread of Moslem and Janissary and the drivelling Denvish. While the Jew is cowering in obscure places, the Moslem struts with the air of one who treads on thrones; while the Christian begs permission to kneel at the tomb of his Saviour, the Turk disdainfully proclaims himself monarch of all he surveys. While the 'Holy Sepulchre' is nominally in the hands of the Christian, Turkish soldiers keep guard at the door, and a Turkish Pasha keeps the key.'

☞ 'Master at home?' 'No, sir, he's out.' 'Mistress at home?' No, sir, she's out.' Then I'll step in, and sit by the fire.' That's out, too.'

LAWYER VS. LAWYER.

The Bolton *Independent* (Texas) gives the following racy letter from a lawyer of its town who has been favored with an offer of a cheap recommendation to patronage; which he has, nevertheless, felt constrained to decline. The letter is as follows:

GEORGETOWN, June 8, 1858.

John Livingston, Esq.—My Dear John:—Yours came safely to hand. With a trembling hand and a beating heart, I seized the letter, thinking, from its size, that I had been singled out by the majority of the New York merchants as the most proper person to "put through" on the "lightning line," not only the Georgetown merchants, but those in all the surrounding counties, and visions of a "pile" realized by 10 per cent floated through my mind, tinged with all the gorgeous hues of six rainbows; but alas! "*sic transit gloria mundia*." Upon opening it the vision fled, and I found nothing but your most flattering attempt to do me out of ten dollars. You tell me "that my name has been inserted for my county in your Catalogue of Lawyers in Texas and elsewhere."

By whose authority, John, was this done! Our acquaintance, I don't think would justify this liberty on your part, and did I not believe that it was done *purely* with the desire alone of advancing my interest, I should feel disposed to resent the liberty. I feel flattered, John, at this mark of your esteem and confidence, and would have felt more so had you not sent the very same letter to all my acquaintances among the bar. I don't understand this, my dear fellow. Now, suppose, John, that I should send you the $10, and the balance of the profession here should do the same; think of the delicate situation in which you would be placed. Six or seven of us, all paying to be inserted in your Catalogue of Lawyers, *as the most reliable lawyers, in Georgetown, Williamson county, Texas.* How could you choose between us? You have the same promise to all of us; and the place is small to afford but *one* "reliable lawyer." It won't do, John. The thing can't be explained in any other way, but that you are trying to "Jeremy Diddle" us out of ten dollars each. It is a poor compliment to our sense to think you can "*do it to us*" in this style. Why, the little boys here all see through this; 'tis as plain as the old "grandmother's trick," John.

Cannot, or could you not devise some slicker method of putting us through? something that we could not see through? You say that the ten dollars will be my "*just proportion of the expense* of publishing and circulating said catalogue." You are mistaken, John—the rascally publishers have fooled you—you have the names of about eight or ten thousand "reliable lawyers" in the United States, and at ten dollars a head, John, it would look to a blind man as if there was money enough to publish the Lives of Gen. Washington, Tom Thumb, Fred Douglas, the Angel Gabriel, and yourself, John, all bound in calf, and have enough left beside to "licker all round." You see we have studied arithmetic here, John, and have cut our eye teeth beside. We don't blame you, John, for trying to take us in, for although you know us well enough to vouch for us to any man who has important business to attend to, and will, for ten dollars, recommend us as the "*most and only reliable lawyers in Georgetown*," yet, John, you don't know us, (this is private, however,) or you never would have attempted to Simon Suggs us in this way. I believe I am capable, and hope I am honest; but, John, you do not know the fact to be so, and therefore, according to Polly, when you say so, you lie, John.

You say in your postscript that if you can't *do* me for ten dollars I *may* "go in lemons" to the amount of *five*. Thank you—small favors thankfully received—larger ones in proportion. I believe I will pass the first round and see how the game goes.

In conclusion, John, allow me to request you to take my name out of your book, John. I had as lief be published almost in a horse-thief list as to appear in your book, for we *all* understand it here, and when a man's name is seen there, we know he has *bought* the privilege, and as we *know the price* we think but little of a ten dollar reputation, and less of a man who prizes it enough to buy it. I consider myself injured, John, by the first insertion, and if it is continued, shall be compelled to resort to legal process to have it stopped—consider myself slandered, and think less of every man whose name appears in your catalogue if done with his authority. I would, before I close, advise you always to send a postage stamp to pay postage with, did I not know it was not a "part of your system" to do so. No news. Town as dull at present as your attempt to swindle me.

In conclusion, allow me to subscribe myself, my dear John,

Your *victim, in a horn,*
A. H. CHALMERS.

SENSE.—A rough common sense pervades the following, in which there is certainly more truth than poetry.

'Great men never swell. It is only three-cent individuals who are salaried at the rate of 200 dollars a year and dine on potatoes and dried herring, who put on airs and flashy waistcoats, swell, puff, blow, and endeavor to give themselves a consequential appearance. No discriminating person can ever mistake the spurious for the genuine article. The difference between the two is as great as that between a bottle of vinegar and a bottle of the pure juice of the grape.'

'Roast me alive,' said Corwin, the wagon boy, in his speech at Xenia, Ohio—roast me alive! I havn't got much fat, but it shall all be tried out of me before I will vote to admit a slave state,' &c. Tom's drippings would supply any quantity of *spirit* lamps unless his pores have been very open for the last five years.

A PEEP IN A MAN'S STOMACH.

The following extraordinary statement we have from the Hartford (Con.) Press. How it was possible for a human being to survive a wound so destructive of his internal machinery is almost as great a wonder as the phenomena laid open thereby to the inspection of the curious. But this is not the only, and probably not the most extraordinary case of the kind on record. We recollect reading many years ago a similar account of an American soldier who received a wound during the war of 1812, attended with nearly the same results:

The case of Alexis St. Martin is probably the most extraordinary one known in the annals of surgery. St. Martin is a Canadian, of French descent. In the year 1825, when he was eighteen years old, and while employed in the service of the American Fur Company, in Canada, he was accidentally wounded by the discharge of a musket, the charge entering literally from behind, passing quite through his body, tearing off the muscles, carrying away half of the sixth rib, lacerating the left lobe of the lungs, as well as the diaphragm, perforating the stomach, and exposing to view the pericardium, or covering of the heart. A portion of the lungs, as large as a turkey's egg, lacerated and burnt, and just below this portion of the stomach protruded from the wound, the food at the same time passing from the orifice thus made in the stomach. This orifice has never healed, and through it the process of digestion can plainly be seen in the stomach. This interesting subject for study was in Hartford on Saturday and Sunday last, and we had the opportunity of seeing him. While here, St. Martin and the doctor were the guests of Colonel Colt, at whose invitation they were induced to stop, while on their way to Boston, for the purpose of allowing to the Hartford Medical Society an opportunity of noting the processes and the effects of digestion, the absorption of different kinds of food, &c. In looking into the aperture left by the shot from the gun, the secret of the gastric juice has been distinctly seen.

The interior of the stomach, contrary to the impression of many persons, is cleanly and not uninviting in its appearance. Its delicate pink coatings are as clean and perfect as all the rest of nature's handiwork, and it is not until the pampered and unnatural appetite of individuals has, by overloading it, and by eating and drinking improper things, rendered it weak and incapable of performing all the work thrust upon it, that the stomach, or rather its contents, become 'foul.' Cooked (melted or drawn) butter, or the lard used in 'shortening' pie crust, is not digested at all.—It is seen swimming upon the surface of the stomach in the form of yellow or light-colored grease, and it finally passes off undigested. Chopped meat, moistened, introduced through this bullet-hole, into the man's stomach, is found to nourish him just as it would if taken at the mouth!—All the 'patient' requires in that case is to be allowed to chew a piece of gum, (merely to satisfy the habit of chewing, we suppose,) and he gets along as if he had eaten his dinner; it is undoubtedly better, however, that the food should first be masticated, and this can only be done through the proper agency appointed for that purpose by nature. Mirthfulness at and after a meal facilities digestion wonderfully.

Take St. Martin to a theatre, for instance, after a hearty evening meal, and let him enjoy a good comedy—the result is astonishing; digestion is promoted to a surprising degree. 'Laugh and grow fat' is an adage now seen to be founded on a physiological truth. Anger has the effect of causing the bile to rush into the stomach in a stream. This has been observed with certainty in the case of St. Martin. When he has been suddenly enraged, while lying upon a table, the bile has been seen suddenly to rush into the stomach, which was perfectly clear of it the instant before, and such a quantity as to admit of its being emptied out freely into a cup, simply by turning him over! A piece of meat tied to a string has been introduced into the stomach through this orifice, and after a lapse of a certain time it has been pulled out again, and the progress of the digestive organs accurately noted. In this way corned beef, for instance, has been reduced to a mass of fine, delicate and even threads, after having been for some time subjected to the action of the gastric juice. St. Martin, since he was wounded, has married and become the father of 17 children, five of whom, with his wife, are now living. At first, the only way by which his food, after entering the œsophagus, could be prevented from passing out through the wound was to use compresses and adhesive straps. That necessity has since been overcome by the growth of a small fold of the coats of the stomach, which now extends almost over the orifice, but can be readily depressed with the finger, so as to allow an examination of the interior of the stomach (when it is empty) to the depth of 5 or 6 inches.

GO IT WHILE YOU'RE YOUNG!

Americans are much renowned
For phrases said or sung,
And the earliest thing to children taught
Is 'go it while you're young;'
A mandate which they all obey,
And if the truth were told,
A vast majority keep on
And 'go it' when they're old!

Another phrase which often glides
In music from the lip,
Is one of fine significance
And beauty! 'Let 'er rip!'
In the late panic we have kept
This mandate o'er and o'er,
And LET 'ER RIP so frequently
That she can 'rip' no more!

When does a cow become real estate? When turned into a field!

That is not so good as the case of the man in Vermont who was so dirty that the assessors taxed him as real estate.

Democratic Pioneer.

J. B. GODWIN, : : : : : : : Editor.

ELIZABETH CITY:

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1858.

THE ELECTIONS—THEIR RESULTS.

The returns from the elections recently held in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, are anything but flattering to the National Democracy. Though incompleto, they are sufficient to enable us to state that we have met with severe reverses, and that many sound, national, conservative men have been set aside and Black Republicans elected in their stead. This is a result deeply to be deplored, not from any influence which it may exert upon the Democratic party as a party, but because it indicates the increase of sectional animosity and the rapid spread of opinions and prejudices unfavorable to the South and her institutions. The triumph in the three States which we have named must be regarded as a triumph of the Northern anti-slavery sentiment, and a direct blow to the slave interests of the South. This conclusion is unavoidable when we consider the causes that operated to produce the result.

It cannot be denied that the position of the Democratic party upon the admission of Kansas, and its bold and independent defence of the rights of a State to form its own constitution, and to determine for itself the character of its institutions, free from outside influence or Congressional interference, has been the means of defeating it in the recent contest. The only issue before the people was Lecompton. Black Republicanism waged an unrelenting warfare against the administration because it was identified with the South in the admission of a slave State, and its artillery were turned upon every man who supported the policy of Mr. Buchanan. The President declared in his message to Congress, that Kansas was as much a slave State as South Carolina or Georgia, and fearlessly resolved to perform his duty, and to maintain the quarters of the Constitution, advised her immediate admission into the Union. Her rejection was sought, not from any informalities in the adoption of a constitution, but because that constitution gave to the people of Kansas the institution of slavery. This was the basis of the opposition. As the advocate, as was contended, of the extension of slavery, Mr. Buchanan and his supporters encountered a storm of black republican indignation which ceased not with the adjournment of Congress, but has been continued through the canvass but recently closed. It was upon this slavery extension that the election was made to turn, and however much the effort may be made to conceal the fact, it stands out too glaringly to be lost sight of. We repeat, that it may be impressed upon the mind of honest and patriotic Southern men, that the victory just achieved over the Democracy in the North, is a victory of Black Republicanism, a triumph of the enemies of the South, the success of a dangerous and desperate sectional faction, a conquest won by a party who have sworn eternal opposition to the admission of another slave State. The fact cannot be disguised; it is as clear as the sun in a cloudless sky, and he that fails to see it has his vision obscured by the thick scales of partisan prejudice.

We know that in Pennsylvania the opposition were banded under the hypocritical name of the "People's party," another, if a more melodious, title for anti-slaveryism. Over the success of this miserable conglomerate, Southern "Americans" are rejoicing. The defeat of the men who have stood by the South, voted with the South, defended the South, have been side by side with Benjamin, Davis, Hunter, Mason, Hammond, Clingman, Letcher, Shaw, Craige, and a host of others of the best Southern men that ever stood upon the floor of Congress, and when the battle raged and the cohorts of abolitionism poured upon their ranks the most deadly fire, firm as a wall of granite they stood, breast to the foe, sending volley after volley of well directed grape into the serried lines of the implacable assailants. These men have been stricken down by the ruthless hand of freesoilism; these men that have breasted the storm in its fury, and dared oppose the sweeping tide of popular sentiment that was setting against the South; these men of strong wills and unbending integrity, who dare lift their voices in defence of the sacred obligations of the Constitution, and with Clay, Brown, Zollicoffer, Caskie, Barksdale, Winslow, and others, cast their votes to add another slave State to the confederacy, have been sacrificed to appease the unhallowed appetite of sectional fanaticism, and Southern "Americans" are shouting pæans over their downfall.

How are we sustained in declaring the success of the opposition in Pennsylvania a victory gained over the South? Will any man have the hardihood to dispute the soundness of those Northern democrats who sustained the Kansas policy of the President, and, at the risk of inflicting a death blow to their future prospects, voted for the Lecompton constitution with the slavery clause attached? We are not aware that the most rabid slaveholding Know-Nothing, whose meat and drink was the abuse of the Democratic party, has yet impugned the good faith of these men. Have they been returned to Congress? *Two only* of that noble band are elected, and the remaining *ten* have fallen victims to the fell spirit of freesoilism. Those democrats who cast their votes against the Lecompton constitution are re-elected. The issue was clearly made up, and Republicanism has gained the day. Is there anything in this to create rejoicings in the South? Have we not more cause for regret than pleasure at the result? Yet a bitter partisan spirit mingles its exultations with the shout of victory that is borne to us from the triumphant hosts that rally under the black banner of anti-slaveryism. We ask the candid and reflecting to ponder upon the spectacle thus presented to view; we say to those who are not steeped to the crown of the head in party prejudice, to examine carefully and impartially the reasons which have led to the defeat of the Democratic party, and then say if patriotism has not departed from that Southern man that can find it in his heart to exult over it.

A DISAGREEMENT.

When doctors disagree who shall decide? The opposition are at antipodes in relation to the future action of the Democratic party upon the admission of Kansas. They cannot agree. One says it will be this, another, that. Southern "Americans" predict, with a visage suited to the occasion, that the English bill will be set aside, disregarded, and free Kansas come in at the next session of Congress, and then comes a howl over democratic degeneracy and faithlessness, enough to cause a pretty general trembling through the country for the consequences. The result might be most disastrous were it not for an antidote applied by Black Republicanism in the shape of a prophesy that the slave loving, demoralised, iniquitous democracy, will never consent to take Kansas with her free constitution, and that the hated compromise of the last session will be rigidly enforced. Happily for the welfare of us all, this comes in time to prevent the demolition of our hopes and prospects. If the poison was allowed to work unchecked, how fatal would it prove to Southern Democracy! the remedy, however, is powerful to effect a cure.

The object of these factions is plainly apparent. In the South the intention is to shake the confidence of the people in the soundness of the party North, by predicting the abrogation of the compromise, which settled the Kansas imbroglio. Where the anti-slavery feeling preponderates, there a faithful adherence to that settlement is loudly proclaimed and an argument drawn from it to prove that the free States are cheated out of their just rights, because if Kansas possessed a population sufficient to entitle her to admission as a slave State, there is no valid reason for rejecting her application when she comes with a free constitution. The charge is made to suit different latitudes, but will fail of the intended effect.

The South cannot be frightened by any such "raw head and bloody bones," and the Northern wing of the Democracy will stand true to its obligations, and assist in preventing the repeal of the English bill.

THE CONTEST IN ILLINOIS

Between Judge Douglas and Abraham Lincoln for a seat in the U. S. Senate, is still the subject of much interest and speculation with outsiders. How it will terminate and who will be the victor, must be left for the future to decide. So far as the two contestants are concerned it matters but little to the Democracy which comes off triumphant. It is true that Lincoln is a Black Republican of the most ultra stamp, as deeply dyed in the heresies of that abominable faction as Greely or Giddings, but it is equally true, that Douglas has so far abjured his former opinions, and pandered to the prejudices of his old enemies, that he is but a whit less objectionable than his competitor.

Should Douglas succeed, we could not hope for, or expect, his aid against his republican friends; his opposition would be more formidable than Lincoln, because a much abler man; we should rejoice to see them both defeated by the election of Judge Breese. The struggle derives its greatest importance from the influence which it must have upon the future of the Democratic party. The division may lose us the State.

If Douglas persists in the suicidal course which he seems to have marked out for himself, and continues his war upon the administration and the Democratic party, the vote of Illinois, in all probability, will be cast in 1860 for the free soil candidate. We fear, from present indications, such a result. The "little giant" will be powerful to harm so long as the Democracy tamper with him. Let him go.

BALTIMORE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

The Know-Nothings have elected their Mayor, Thomas Swann, by a majority of 19000. First Branch of the City Council stands, "Americans" 19, Democrats 1.—Second branch—Americans 9, Democrats 1. In this connection we publish the following card from Col. Shutt, which made its appearance about 1 o'clock on the day of election. Col. Shutt was the independent candidate and his card speaks for itself:

Fellow-Citizens:

It being now clearly manifest that a deliberate purpose actuates the Mayor of this City to countenance the general combination which now prevails between his police and the armed bands of lawless men who have since the opening of the ballot-boxes held possession of the polls to the exclusion of all voters opposed to Mayor Swann, and it being urged upon me by many of our best citizens that any persistent attempts to vote, upon the part of my friends can only be attended with loss of life and the general disorder of the city, I feel it my duty to yield to their judgments and withdraw my name as a candidate for Mayor.

A. P. SHUTT.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 13th, 12 o'clock, M.

CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE.

The next session of the Eastern Virginia Christian Conference will be held at the Christian Church, at Sunsbury, Gates Co., N. C., to commence on the 3rd of November.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Below will be found all the election returns received to the time of going to press, which we take from the Baltimore Patriot:

RETURNS FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

The following shows the result of the election in Pennsylvania, as far as heard from. Whatever of additional news coming to hand before we go to press will be found under our telegraph head.

1st district.—*Thos. B Florence, Dem.
2nd " —*E. Joy Morris, Opp.
3d " —John P. Verre, opp., a gain.
4th " —Wm. Millward, "
5th " —John Wood, "
6th " —*John Hickman, Anti-Lecomp. Dem.
7th " —H. C. Longnecker, opp., gain.
8th " —John Schwartz, "
9th " —Thaddeus Stevens, opp.
10th " —John W. Killinger, opp. gain.
11th " —Jas. H. Campbell, opp. gain.
12th " —Geo. W. Scranton, "
13th " —*Wm. H. Dimmick, Dem.
14th " —*Galusha A. Grow, opp.
15th " —James T Hall, opp. gain.
17th " —Edward McPherson, opp. gain.
19th " —*John Covode, Anti-Lecompton.
21st " —Jas. K. Morehead, opp.
23rd " —*Wm. Stewart, opp.
25th " —*John Dick, opp.

Those marked with a star (*) are members of the present House re-elected.

OHIO.

The returns from Ohio are incomplete and scattering. The republican candidates on the State ticket are probably elected. The results in the Congressional districts, as far as we have returns, are as follows:

1st—*George H. Pendleton, Dem.
2d—John A. Gurley, Opp., gain.
3d—*C. L. Vallandigham, Dem.
5th—James M. Ashley, Rep.
7th—Thomas Corwin, Rep.
8th—*Benjamin Stanton, Rep.
9th—John Carey, Rep., gain.
10th—Carey A. Trimble, Rep., gain.
11th—Charles D. Martin, Dem., gain.
12th—*Samuel S. Cox, Dem.
13th—*John Sherman, Rep.
14th—Cyrus Spitzer, Rep.
15th—Wm. Helmick, Rep., gain.
18th—Sidney Edgerton, Rep.
19th—*Edward Wade, Rep.

Those marked with a * are members of the present House.

So far as heard from there is a democratic loss of members in the 2d, 9th, 10th, and 15th districts, and a gain of one member in the 11th district.

INDIANA.

There is some doubt, so far as to the final result. The Congressional Districts, as far as heard from, stand as follows:

1st District—The returns indicate the defeat of Niblack and the election of A. P. Hovey, Anti-Lecompton democrat.
2d—*Wm. H. English, Dem.
3d—William M. Dunn, Rep., gain.
4th—W. S. Holman, Anti-Lecompton Dem.
5th—*David Gilgore, Rep.
7th—Albert G. Porter, Rep.
8th—*James Wilson, Rep.
9th—*Schuyler Colfax, Rep.
11th—*John U. Pettit, Rep.

Those marked with a star are members of the present House, re-elected.

The latest returns indicate the election by the Republicans of their State ticket, of eight members of Congress, and their State Legislature.

KANSAS ELECTION.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 13.—An election took place in Kansas on the 4th inst. for members of the Legislature.

Leavenworth County gave the Republican ticket an average majority of 200.

In Atchison county the Opposition were triumphant by 80 majority.

In Jefferson county the Republicans were defeated.

In Doniphan county, the Democratic ticket was elected.

In Douglas county the Republican ticket was elected by 500 majority.

In Lykens County, the Republican ticket was elected.

SUPERIOR COURT for Wayne county commenced its session in this town, last Monday morning, his Honor Judge Heath, presiding. The reputation of the Judge, as a jurist and man of business had preceded him here, from Duplin county, where he had held court, for two weeks, to the entire satisfaction of lawyers and clients; and had induced us to look forward to his "charge" and general mode of dispatching business with an unusual degree of interest. We had heard much said in commendation of Judge Heath, and we are free to confess, all had not been told us. His charge was short, pointed and comprehensive—in which, as in all other respects, we have seldom, if ever, listened to a better. If the grand jury be as diligent in searching out and bringing to justice all transgressors of the law, as his Honor was minute in describing them, no crime or misdemeanor, so far as Wayne county is concerned, will go unwhipped of justice.—His Honor adds, to a voice of fine compass, a distinct utterance and faultless articulation, which, combined with a close and lucid system of reasoning, make him agreeable and intelligible on all points which he touches—when he speaks, you understand him.

If his intercourse with the Bar, candor, affability and dignity would seem to be characteristics. He hears gentlemen patiently; when in doubt, himself, calls for their authorities; and, if he finds them at a loss for these, he modestly suggests them. He does not prejudge a case, before he has heard both sides of the question. If a commanding, personal appearance can impart dignity or grace to the judicial ermine, Judge Heath possesses it, in an eminent degree. In this aspect, he has few superiors; and, taking him all in all, few gentlemen have recently come among us, in any capacity, who have made such a favorable impression on our citizens. He does honor to the office and the author of his appointment.—*Goldsboro' Tribune.*

LESSON TO PRINTERS.—Andrew Lessecker, the compositor who set the first type in what is now the state of Iowa, is worth $50,000. He located at an early day in Dubuque, stuck to his business, never "tramped," and now reaps the reward of his steadiness of purpose in an independent fortune. He, however, still acts as compositor in the Times office.

Indianapolis Citizen.

See advertisement of Mr. Guy, painter, in to-day's paper.

UNION OF THE DISTRIBUTIONISTS WITH THE "LAND GRABBERS."

We have shown that the Americans in New York have abandoned their hostility to the "Papists," and diluted their anti-alien prejudices to a stipulation that in the matter of residence requisite to qualify a voter, the naturalized citizen shall be placed on the same footing of the native.

We have also shown that their "National" party has taken ground against the extension of Slavery into Federal Territory.

This open abandonment of its peculiar and intolerant dogmas, with the dispensation of guys and the extinguishment of the lantern, leaves nothing of this epidemic faction; and the Black Republicans, after degrading it to the offer of a prostitution which was refused, left it to the indignation of its dupes, and the contempt of impartial persons.

We have shown by a publication of the platforms and negotiations between the Blackies and their dupes, that the former party was to have preserved in the proposed coalition, its name, its purposes, and the virtual control of its factional and fragmentary associates.

Yet the rabid hostility to the Democratic party which actuates the Southern Opposition caused some of its leading presses in Virginia to regret the failure of this coalition or to rejoice at it only as a means of assuring a more perfect fusion of the same elements at a later day.

But to mark yet more conclusively the abandonment, by those who approve the coalition referred to, of every vestige of those principles upon which they have heretofore pretended to stand, we call the attention of their more unsophisticated Southern associates, who have really believed in the validity and importance of those principles, to the surrender of the popular plan of distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands involved in the approval of the New York coalition.

It has long been a source of Democratic complaint, that the system by which Congress bestowed public lands upon States and private corporations, has had an undue tendency to promote the power of one section at the expense of another, and to occasion a common discontent as the profligate and unequal administration of an important trust. But the Democracy of the South has never been seduced to participate in a wrong which it has so long and so consistently condemned.

In view of these admitted evils, the distribution of the proceeds of the public lands has been advocated by the Opposition in the South upon the ground that in no other manner could those States which had contributed to the acquisition of Federal territory participate equally in the appropriation of its value.

Amongst the resolutions adopted by the recent Black Republican Convention in New York, was the following:

Resolved, That it is eminently desirable that our National Domain should be acquired and appropriated by pioneers and actual settlers, rather than by monopolists and speculators; and to this end, we urge upon Congress the immediate passage of the bill submitted last session by the Hon. G. A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, opening the public lands for ten years to unimpeded settlement before they can be purchased on speculation or acquired by any but an actual settler.

The effect of this ten years' injunction upon the public domain can be easily imagined.—Every acre of public land must be held for the term specified before it can be known whether an actual settler will elect to take it. It is plain, therefore, that no non-resident would purchase lands subject to the outstanding right of pre-emption in any actual settler who may happen to take a fancy to his entry.

Such an enactment must soon dry up the revenue from land sales, and hasten the day when Congress shall ask to be discharged from a trust which will not pay the expenses of its own administration.

It is unnecessary to follow in detail the consequences to the old States—and especially to those of the South—of a policy which, in the words of the resolution quoted, will cause our national domain to be 'acquired and appropriated by pioneers and actual settlers." With the aid of the graduation principle, the Grow Bill becomes the worst sort of a homestead act, because at the same time that it will bestow the public domain as an inducement to sectional immigration, it will hold back the unsettled lands from purchasers who may be willing to pay their money into the treasury, and hold the lands for subsequent settlement or sale. The interval between the adoption of the system proposed in the bill of the eminent Black Republican, and the passage of an act relinquishing to the several States the public domain lying within their limits, cannot be very great.

But we wish those Southern men who have contended for distribution as a means of equality and a measure of justice, to observe that some of those who have advocated this policy are now willing to place the Government under the control of a party which openly recommends a measure fraught with the dangerous consequences which we have depicted.—*Rich. South.*

THE PRESIDENT AT CHURCH.—A clerical correspondent of the New York Observer, writing from Lancaster, Pa., about the President's late visit there, tells the following:—

A pleasing instance of his freedom from ostentation and pride, was his manner at church on the preceding Sabbath. He walked from his residence which must be two miles, as the church is in the opposite suburb of Lancaster, and came a little after the service began. His feet were covered with dust, and the perspiration was standing on his forehead. No stir was made in the congregation; he quietly entered his own pew, and engaged in silent devotion. A psalm-book was handed to him, and he at once participated in the song of praise. He seemed greatly interested in the sermon, which was indeed worthy the attention of kings and all others in authority, as well as of all under authority. It was based on the passage. "Almost thou persuadest me to be a Christian," and besides possessing extraordinary merit as a piece of composition, was delivered with eloquence and power.

After church the President walked devoutedly, and entirely unattended, through the streets of Lancaster. What stranger, looking upon this solitary pedestrian, apparently oblivious of self, and not expecting admiration, could have imagined that he was the Chief Magistrate of this mighty nation!

AFFECTING SCENE IN COURT A PATIENT HUSBAND.

The Cincinnati Gazette, of the 30th ult., gives a description of the capture of a fugitive wife in that city, and a subsequent touching scene before the magistrate. It says:

It appears that the elder brother of a family residing in Naples, Italy, married a wife considerably his junior, and she became the "old man's darling." Like Melnotte, he'd "have no friends that were not lovers," and with pride he pointed to his pretty wife and made her his idol, his temple of devotion, morning and evening. In an evil hour a younger brother, Michael Angelo Gitto, looked with loving eyes upon his sister-in-law, and she was won from her allegiance to her lord. The guilty pair made their escape to this country, bringing with them a little daughter, and leaving the husband and two little boys in their deserted Italian home. The brother-lover and his fair companion came to this city some months ago, and opened a confectionary store on Main street.

In time the husband learned their whereabouts, and taking his two motherless boys with him, he sailed for Cincinnati, arriving here a day or two ago. He at once sought out the guilty pair, and implored the wife to return to her allegiance, but to no purpose. He was rudely spurned by both wife and brother, and as a last resort, he had them arrested for adultery on Tuesday.

The case was to come up before the Justice yesterday, but mutual friends interfered. Unlike the "Misanthrope," who feared the jeers of boys and girls, should they see him with his runaway wife upon his arm, the elder Gitto, with tears coursing down his cheeks, besought her on his knees to return with him to the sunny clime of Italy, and make his home once more a heaven of domestic peace. The scene was affecting; the picture being rendered complete by the pleading look and tears of the little boys, who had accompanied the father in his long and tedious journey. There was a choice between the penalty for crime and a husband's arms. The wife hesitated, the husband pleaded, friends counseled obedience, and all combined, at length prevailed. She consented to return to Italy with her husband. The guilty brother consented to pay the costs and lawyer's fees, the husband took his runaway wife upon his arm, and his children by the hand, and left the court room so overjoyed with his recovered treasure that he actually kissed the hands of a friend who had been mainly instrumental in bringing about a consummation of his happiness under such peculiar circumstances.

There is sufficient romance in this "plain, unvarnished tale," to form the basis of a novel. A man who would follow a runaway wife from Italy, and then beg of her on his knees to accept his proffered forgiveness, deserves a better wife.

THE TERRIBLE TRAGEDY NEAR HAMILTON, OHIO.

The Columbus *Capital City Fact*, of Wednesday, has the following particulars of the tragedy mentioned in a dispatch on Thursday. From another source we learn that the woman became crazy through jealousy:

At noon to-day our city was thrown into an unusual excitement by the arrival of a gentleman from Grove City, a village about seven miles distant, bringing the startling news of a woman, named Shilling, who, during the night, and while laboring under temporary insanity, dragged her four children from their beds into the yard, and after precipitating them into the well herself, leaped after them. This morning one of the neighbors—a lady—went, as was her custom, to the well on the Shilling property, for the purpose of drawing water, and, as she expressed it, "found a difficulty in sinking the bucket," but on looking into the well discovered with horror that the bucket was resting upon the dead mother and children. The news spread like wild fire through the village, and the most intense excitement prevailed. Coroner Gaver, of this city, left for the above scene about noon and has not returned. We learn that Mr. Shilling is absent from home, consequently he is not yet aware of the horrible destruction of his children, by his own wife, and her own self-destruction immediately after.

From the North Georgia Times.

AH! THESE DEMOCRATS.

The Winchester (Tenn.) Home Journal is strictly neutral in politics, and we think the private opinions of the editor have hither to been rather adverse to democracy. A recent visit, however, to the North, where he spent some time in "looking round," has called forth the following with regard to the Administration and the democratic party:

"God bless the Administration and the democratic party. Yes, from the bottom of our heart, we say that it behooves every man in the South to support an administration that has the whole abolition fraternity aroused against it. We do not dabble in partisan affairs, and no just man can conscientiously thus accuse us, when we state what we conceive to be the interest of pro-slavery men. And we earnestly assert that that man must be highly charged with prejudice who would use his efforts against the administration, at such a time as this, especially. Mr. Buchanan may have his faults—who has not? But he has by no means betrayed the South, and the South should not desert him.

"We have noticed closely during our trip thus far; have listened attentively; in the street; in every town; and at every hotel; on the cars, and at all places where we have been, and the poor democratic party is abused and calumniated by the abolitionists and republicans. The most rabid abolition paper in Syracuse, says the sum and substance of the present democracy is *slavery—no free labor—slavery universal.*"

We mention these things to show how democracy is regarded North, where every available force is now being combined in opposition to it, and much do we fear that unless Southern men co-operate as a unit, this motly opposition will prevail in the great battle of 1860. Heaven forbid that such should be the result, yet our fears are great. In our heart we cannot find room to censure an administration or a party, when by so doing we find ourself cheek-by-jole and side by side with the republicans and abolitionists. We wish not to lengthen on this subject, yet we have our convictions; and we firmly say that unless a better party than the democratic can be found, opposition to it, especially by Southern men, would indeed be treason.

THE TARIFF.—In an article in *DeBow's Review*, by the Hon. Edmund Burke, of New Hampshire, we find some remarks on the operations of the tariff, which contain some information of use at this time.—Speaking of cotton manufactures, he says, that by the last census the amount of capital invested in them was $74,501,031. Of this $64,361,975 was in free States, and $10,139,056 was in the slave States. During the same year, the whole value of the cotton manufactures of the United States was $61,859,184. Of this amount, $52,102,853 was produced in the free States. Under the operations of our protective tariff, a bounty of $18,374,998 was paid into the pocket of the Northern manufactures, and only $3,278,215 to the Southern.

So, too with woolen manufactures, under the tariff, a bounty of $16,522,145 was paid into the pocket of the woolen manufactures of the North, and only $760,876 into the pockets of the Southern manufactures. In these two articles there is an additional cost to the consumer of $38,936,234, which Mr. Burke distributes in proportion to population:

The Southern consumers pay under this system,	$17,034,603
The Southern cotton and wool manufacturers receive,	4,039,091
Leaving a balance *against* the South,	$12,995,512
On the other hand, the Northern cotton and woolen manufactures receive,	$34,887,143
While the Northern consumers pay,	21,901,631
Leaving a balance *in favor* of the North of,	$12,985,512

[From the Baltimore Sun.]

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND CALIFORNIA MAIL.

It is a subject of congratulation to the country that the great overland California mail route enterprise has proved a success. A dispatch to the President of the United States last evening announced the fact that the mail which left San Francisco on the morning of Thursday, the 16th of September, had arrived at St. Louis.

President Buchanan immediately sent a response to John Butterfield, Esq., president of the Overland Company, congratulating him upon the success of the enterprise, as follows:

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9, 1858.

SIR: Your dispatch has been received. I cordially congratulate you upon the result. It is a glorious triumph for civilization and the Union. Settlements will soon follow the course of the road, and the East and the West will be bound together by a chain of living Americans which can never be broken.

JAMES BUCHANAN.

It appears that this important mail was conveyed in four-horse coaches and with six passengers in twenty three days and four hours, not being due until Monday morning, and in less than half the time ever before required for the swiftest expresses to perform the journey. Thus has a great highway been opened up through a long, dreary and perplexing wilderness, inviting hardy, industrious enterprise to establish habitations thereupon, and develope in the future the great resources of the region.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

The vessels destined to bring Lopez to his senses are nearly ready for sea. Since the departure of Commodore Perry for Japan, so many armed ships have not left our shores together. We give a list of the number of officers and men on board each ship, and the amount of guns they carry:

	Officers.	Men.	Guns.
Fr. St. Lawrence,	40	500	50
Sl of-war Falmouth,	20	200	20
Brig Perry,	10	80	6
Brig Bainbridge,	10	100	10
Brig Dolphin,	10	80	6
Frigate Sabine,	50	600	50
Sl-of-war Preble,	20	100	15
Steamer Fulton,	12	180	6
do Water Witch,	10	140	4
Cutter Harriet Lane,	10	80	4
Storeship Supply,	15	50	1
Chartered steamers—			
Memphis,	10	60	3
Caledonia,	10	60	4
Westernport,	10	60	4
Southern Star,	10	60	4
Atlanta,	10	60	4

The chartered steamers may carry one gun less than put down.

The first three vessels on the above list are the present Brazil Squadron, commanded by Commodore French Forrest; all the others are preparing to leave at the different Navy Yards in the United States, except the brig Bainbridge, which vessel is now attached to the African Squadron, but under orders to proceed to Buenos Ayres.

A detachment of the United States Marines arrived at New York on Saturday from Boston, in command of Sergeant Tancred, for the Paraguay Expedition.—They were sent on board the North Carolina.

The October number of the NORTH CAROLINA JOURNAL OF EDUCATION has been received. The *Journal* is entitled to an extensive circulation, and especially in our own State. There is too great a disposition with our people to support publications in the North, whilst our own are left to languish and die. Give the *Journal* a helping hand.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK, for November, is on our table. It is useless to eulogise it. The simple announcement is sufficient to render all our lady readers, who are subscribers—and every one of them should be—exceedingly impatient to receive the number, satisfied that "GODEY" never comes without bringing something good.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.

BOSTON, Oct. 11.—The democracy of this city held a mass meeting at Faneuil Hall this evening, filling it to overflowing. Wm. L. McGowan president. Resolutions were passed sustaining the policy of the democratic party. Addresses were made by Hon. E. Beach, Hon. Caleb Cushing, Hon. Isaac Davis, of Massachusetts, and Hon. Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi. The meeting was of the most enthusiastic character, and the ratification of the State nomination was carried unanimously.

HOME ITEMS.

COMPLIMENT TO THE GOVERNOR.—The Hon. J. W. Ellis and [illegible] rived here on Friday afternoon [illegible] met a brilliant reception, from the Brass Band, and citizens generally town, who had assembled in large numbers to await their approach of the train was [illegible] firing of cannon, cheers and alighting from the cars, Mr. E. ducted into a hollow square of military, and was formally welcomed in a short but appropriate speech H. L. Robards of the Ridge reply was happily conceived, and well received. He was [illegible] ted to a private carriage prepared and was escorted by the military and a procession of citizens to the Here he was met by Mr. J. the Intendant of our town, who his return in another speech made a very warm and [illegible] and retired as the Band struck its most charming pieces of

Altogether, we have never bestowal of so handsome a was received by Mr. Ellis from his neighbors, and known him from his youth have stirred the warmest heart.—*Salisbury Watchman.*

[Correspondence of the PLEASANT HILL, N. C., Oct. 11, 1858.

A very large sale of land concluded in this county Burgwyn, has sold out his tation to Gen. Thomas [illegible] handsome sum of thirty dollars—the precise amount [illegible] ed. This is a large tract of Roanoke river, of uneven soil, and in a high state producing the finest crops and wheat.

A gentleman who came freesboro' to Jackson, in a most brutal murder was the former place on Sat man whose name was Wi who was in a drunken frolic perated with his wife to that he took a loaded shot end to the existence of the woman, by shooting her body.

A negro woman has also committed to our jail on a ticide. So we shall have sses on docket for trial at our Court.

In haste, yours,

PRIZE TO THE GRADUATES MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIR cord, with pleasure, the ju ty of a wealthy physician State, which deserves our mendation.

DR. THOMAS D. WARR North Carolina, offers a pr dred Dollars, to the author say on a medical subject, presented to the Faculty C llege of Virginia, by any Graduating Class for the 1858–'59

This handsome donation ren evinces an increasing valuable institution, and a on the part of the profess give it a hearty support.

MURDER OF A WIFE.—[illegible] Saunders, a citizen of Southa Va., and well known in N. C., has been arrested Southampton jail, charged der of his wife. The Norf zen says:

Ordinarily, Saunders is man in his family, but ence of liquor was a d night of the 1st inst house in a state of in S. was in bed, when he and shot her, the load side of the head, The unfortunate woman was killed outright. has confessed the horrid

ACQUITTED.—The trial gan, a young widow, writers handsome, for the ander Allen, a constable county, N. C., has resulted tal. The prisoner was poor, bially honest, and the officer on her little stock of worldly which he accompanied words to the poor woman shot gun and killed him, ted, more by sympathy tice.

THE HIGHEST MOUNTAIN that Hon. T. L. Clingman, of the S. C. College, and New York, have found by rious mountain peaks in Jackson counties, that a p ky Mountain in the latter Tennessee line, is some than the pinnacle of the B heretofore considered the of the Mississippi River.

LARGE ROBBERY.—The "Express" states that R. T. wealthy planter of North C pocket picked as he was at Fredericksburg, on Wed 500 in bank notes, drafts a The thief is supposed to be lowed him from Baltimore.

SUDDEN TRANSITION FROM TO AFFLUENCE.—Jas. Boon, five years, an inmate of the Kinston, Lenoir county, with his family, consisting three children, it is said, handsome estate amounting and no mistake.

ACQUITTED.—Ruben Gi at Wayne Superior Court killing a slave named Wright of Mr. J. Slocumb, of this last. The jury returned a guilty.

N. C. BONDS.—There was 000 of North Carolina State York on Tuesday last, at 93 ginia bonds at 93½, and Louisiana souri at 87½, and Louisiana

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE, for This splendid periodical has and we find it filled, as usual, amount of reading, and bellished.

FORNEY'S VENGEANCE.

It was very considerate of Mr. John W. Forney to admonish the world of his intentions towards the Administration. Had he blazoned forth without warning, the shock would have unhinged the universe of mankind. Three weeks ago, he gave the public to understand, through the columns of his organ, that he was gathering a pile of combustibles for the purpose of blowing Mr. Buchanan and his Cabinet over the moon, and himself and followers into the seventh heaven of political bliss. The *Press*, of Monday, contains another card from the imbecile ingrate announcing the completion of the preliminary arrangements, and fixing to-morrow as the time for the terrific explosion. *Dies irae, dies illa!* in anticipation of which, the whole human creation stands aghast in speechless trance. Forney is as inexorable as Fate. There is no averting the awful catastrophe. So look out for squalls.—*Rich. South.*

☞ It will be seen from the following notice which we extract from the *Southern Citizen*, that that journal, which is now published at Knoxville, Tenn., and very ably edited by John Mitchell Esq., the Irish patriot, will be removed to Washington, D. C., about the 1st of December:

"We shall esteem it a favor if our exchanges in noticing our intention to remove the *Southern Citizen* to Washington, will say to their readers, that our subscribers will be supplied without the intermission of a single week, and at the same terms upon which the paper has hitherto been published; and further, that the office of publication will be in Knoxville until sometime between the 15th of November and the 1st of December.

☞ Ex-President Van Buren arrived in Oswego just at the close of the terrible storm of Friday and was told that the hotel which he selected had just been struck by lightning in seven places. 'I think,' said he, 'that's the house for me. It won't come again.' The sagacious statesman showed his usual caution. The ex-President, after visiting the State fair, went to see his old friend, Governor Throop, who has his home on the banks of the Owasco. They are happier men now than when every morning aroused them to the cares and clamor of the political strife.

THE CHESS MATCH AT PARIS.—The New York Courier des Etats Unis contains a letter dated Paris, September 23d, the latest date received, which says:

"America has check-mated Europe, in the duel between Mr. Morphy, of the United States, and Mr. Harwitz, of Berlin. The latter has been vanquished, and has played for the King of Prussia (*et a joue pour le Roi de Prussia.*")

"If we are denied the privilege of going to Heaven after death, our next and last request is, that we may be allowed to go to Baltimore."—*Parson Brownlow.*

A cotemporary well remarks that Baltimore is a fitting place of abode for those spirits against whom the gates of Heaven have been closed. Of course we shall know where to look for Brownlow after he shuffles off this mortal coil."—*Raleigh Standard.*

A SPRUCE young man from the city, was riding out in the country with his lady love, and, as the sun was hot, he stopped under the shade of a tree to let his horse breathe. The 'skeeters' were thick and large, and the young man thinking to have little fun, called out to a farmer at work in the field. 'Hallo, sir, what do you feed your mosquitoes on?' 'We feed 'em on little city fellers and hosses.' The young man went on.

DE SANTY, OR DE SAUTY.—Referring to Whittier's lines on the Cable in the *Atlantic Monthly*, the Hartford *Times* says:

"The cable has ceased to work. If the poet must write about Trinity Bay, why not select the only interesting subject that remains there, and ask the "chief electrician" to give us the *true* orthography of his name? Thus—

"Thou operator, silent, glum,
Why will you act so naughty?
Do tell us *what* your name is, come—
De Santy, or De Sauty?

"Don't think to 'humbug' any more,
Shut up there in your shanty—
But solve the problem—once for all—
De Sauty, or De Santy?"

DIED,

In this Town, on Monday evening, 11th inst., Miss NANCY RODGERS, aged 17 years and 13 days—leaving a brother, two sisters, and relations to mourn her loss.

The deceased was a consistent member of the Baptist Church, and possessed those Christian virtues which serve to exalt our common humanity. But she has been cut down in the bloom of womanhood, and her pure spirit has taken its flight to the bosom of God who gave it.

"Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's breath;
And stars to set, but all—
Thou hast all seasons for thine own, oh Death!"

On the 8th inst., at the residence of her husband, D. McD Lindsey, in Currituck Co., N. C., Mrs. MAGGIE A. LINDSEY, aged 18 years 11 months and 10 days.

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF NIXON & STOKES is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

William Nixon is authorized to settle the business of the copartnership.

WM. NIXON,
C. R. STOKES.

Union Hall, October 13, 1858. 11-tf

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale ASPENWOOD, situated in Mount Pleasant, Norfolk County, Va.; within one mile of the Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal, and distant seven miles from Great Bridge, containing by estimation five hundred acres. There is not a more beautiful and productive farm in this section of the country. It is chiefly Gum land of the best quality. The soil is remarkably fertile, and durable, retaining its fertility under the severest tillage, for many years. There is a sufficiency of high land for trucking or other purposes. All of the cleared land is well drained, and under a fine state of cultivation, and will yield over one thousand barrels of corn. There is also a deadening in fine order for clearing, sufficient to yield two hundreds of twelve hundred barrels of corn.—There is a large leading ditch and private road passes through the entire tract. The buildings are in excellent order, and consist of a two story dwelling, 28 by 30 feet, with a wing extending back in the rear, finished in a neat and fashionable style. The Negro quarters are large and very comfortable; also cook house, dairy, stables, cribs, carriage houses, poultry houses, &c. The neighborhood is healthy, society good. There is a church and two schools within a mile. Those in want of a really valuable farm, will do well to examine this; for it is but seldom that such is offered for sale. Terms accommodating.

N. B. FOREMAN.

Oct. 19, 1858. 11-3t

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, either by note or account, are respectfully and earnestly requested to come forward and make payment at their earliest convenience.—Persons having open accounts will be kind to settle them immediately by note or otherwise.

T. GASKINS.

Elis. City, Oct. 19, 1858.—tf.

FALL AND WINTER CAMPAIGN OF 1858.

WE WOULD SAY TO OUR FRIENDS and the public that we are fully prepared, with the best workmen and materials, to execute any orders in our line, such as Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, House and Ship Plumbing, Copper Work for Steamers, Mills, Distilleries, &c., executed in the best manner, at shortest notice.

STOVES AND HOT AIR FURNACES of all kinds, put up in the best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

We also have on hand, and are manufacturing the largest and best assortments of all kinds of Copper, Tin, Brass, Sheet Iron and Japanned Ware, at Wholesale and Retail, lower than any other establishment in Virginia.

ETHEREAL AND COAL OILS, and LAMPS of all patterns for using it.

Force, Deep Well and Cistern PUMPS. Block Tin, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Bar and Sheet Lead, Copper, &c.

We would solicit an examination of our Stock. Having extended our Stores and largely increased our facilities with the experience of 20 years of the Senior Partner, and all the advantages that can be derived from new improvements, in machinery, &c., we are enabled to compare favorably with any house North or South.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
se 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

FOR SALE.

I HAVE A GOOD STOCK OF GROCERIES on hand, and will sell as cheap as can be bought in this place, and take Farmers' Bank money at par and give change when required.

Also, I have several HOUSES and LOTS that I will sell at 5 per cent. less than their value, and take Farmers' Bank money.

WM. SHANNON.

Sept. 28, 1858. tf

FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID BAY HORSE—ALSO, one fine *Buggy*, and *Harness*, nearly new. Persons wishing to purchase, can learn the terms by applying to Thomas J. Perine, Esq., at Mr. A. L. Jones' Livery Stables.

Elizabeth City, Oct. 12, 1858. 10—2t.

☞ Sentinel copy 2w. and send bill to this office.

FOR RENT!

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO RENT the house now occupied by herself, opposite the residence of Wm. Glover, for the ensuing year. It is a very desirable residence, having plenty of house room, a back yard, garden and stables attached, being both sufficiently public and private. Terms reasonable. For further particulars apply either to Sam'l A. Harrell or

JANE M. CURRAN.

E. City, Oct. 12, 1858. 10—3t

THE SEABOARD AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

WILL hold their Fourth Annual Fair upon their Grounds near Norfolk, Va., during the second week in November next, opening on the 9th, and continuing the 10th, 11th and 12th inst.

Arrangements will be made with the various Rail Road and Steamboat Companies to bring stock and all other articles intended for exhibition FREE OF CHARGE.

The Executive Committee of the S. A. Society have determined that every facility at their command, shall be afforded for the convenience and accommodation of exhibitors and visitors who patronise this Fair.

For information relative to the Rules and Regulations of the Society, or for copies of Premium list, address

G. F. ANDERSON,
Recording Secretary, Norfolk, Va.

October 12, 1858. 10—4t

NOTICE.

FOR SALE. THE SCHR. J. S. MILLSON.

ONE HALF of THE ABOVE named Schooner is for sale, and if not sold privately before the first Monday in December next, will on that day, be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION. Said vessel is in good order, having lately passed through a thorough repair.

W. W. KENNEDY, Ex'r.

Eliz. City, Sept. 28, 1858. 8

NOTICE.

THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, in Gatesville, N. C., having recently come into my hands, as Trustee, by the death of the late Proprietor, (Mr. Jacob Alphin,) I shall continue the business, during this year, which I hope to share a liberal patronage.

The property is also for sale. Persons wishing to purchase will please apply to

S. W. WORRELL,
Gatesville, N. C.

Sept. 28, 1858-3m. 8

CRAPE BAREGES.—Black Crape Bareges at 25 cents per yard, at the Bee Hive.

Barege and Chally side Robes, magnificent goods, selling at a great sacrifice at the Bee Hive, Norfolk, Va. jun 8

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

FALL STYLES OPENED THIS DAY AT *THE BEE HIVE.*

EMBRACING all the new styles of Cloaks of the very best styles and Materials—Splendid Regalia Cloaks, Velvet, Black and all colors and shapes.

SHAWLS, SHAWLS.

A complete assortment now on hand. Mantilla and other new styles of Shawls.

DRESS GOODS.

Valentias, Byadere stripes, very handsome, entirely new, Delaines, Stripes, all wool plain colors—every thing in the market in the way of dress goods.

BLANKETS, BLANKETS.

From the finest English Rose to the commonest Servants, superior stock of Silks. Every one knows our prices are far below any other house in the city.

BEE HIVE, Norfolk, Va.

oc 12 JAS. SMITH.

'WHISKERANDO.'

WARRANTED TO FORCE THE MOUSTache and Whiskers to grow

STRONG AND LUXURIANT

in ONE MONTH, where there was none before. IT WILL NOT STAIN OR INJURE THE SKIN. Price $1. Sent to all parts of the country.

Address DR. S. P. SHELDON,
oc 12 New York City.

ENGLISH BOOKS.

P. GRIFFITH has recently received a very large supply of English Books, in every department of Literature, comprising History, Biography, Travels, Standard works of Fiction, &c., all of which are offered for sale at prices far below American publications.

My stock of Books is the largest in this City, and will compare favorably with any establishment in the South, all of which is offered at as low prices as any other house in the United States. If you wish to be convinced of the fact, come and see.

Libraries, Colleges, and Schools furnished upon the very best terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention addressed to

W. P. GRIFFITH,
mh 2 Bookseller and Stationer, Norfolk.

PROFESSIONAL.—I HAVE LEFT MY papers and business in the hands of E. C. HINES, to whom my clients are referred; and with whom they can confer, in relation to all matters formerly entrusted to my care.

R. R. HEATH.

Sept. 18, 1858. 8—4w.

CHEAP TABLE NAPKINS—Linen Table Napkins, Snow drop Pattern, for 12½ cents, at No 1 Market square.

may 11 T. F. OWENS.

OLD CAST IRON.—I WISH TO PURchase 50 Tons of OLD CAST, for which I will pay the highest cash price.

mh 2 S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!!

100 BBLS. OF HERRINGS, FOR sale by

J. J. GRANBY.

jan

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!

SPLENDID GIFTS!

At 439 Chestnut St. The only Original Gift Book Store.

G. EVANS WOULD INFORM HIS friends and the public that his Star Gift Book Store and Publishing House is permanently established in Brown's splendid Iron Building, 439 Chestnut Street, two doors below Fifth, where the purchaser of each book, at the regular retail price, will receive one of the following gifts, valued at from 25 cents to $100:—

		Worth.
550	Patent English Lever Gold Watches,	$100 00 each.
550	Patent Anchor do. do.	50 00 "
400	Ladies' Gold Watches, 18k. cases,	35 00 "
600	Silver Hunting Watches, warranted,	15 00 "
500	Parlor Timepieces,	10 00 "
500	Cameo Sets, Ear Drops and Pins,	10 00 "
500	Ladies' Gold Bracelets, $5 to	12 00 "
500	Gents' Vest and Fob Chains,	10 00 "
1000	Gold Lockets, (large size double case,)	10 00 "
2000	Gold Lockets, (small size,)	3 00 "
1000	Gold Pencil Cases, with Gold Pens,	5 00 "
1000	Extra Gold Pens, with cases and holders,	3 50 "
2500	Gold Pencils.) Ladies'.)	2 00 "
2500	Gold Pens, with Silver Pencils,	3 50 "
2500	Ladies' Gold Pens, with Cases and Holders,	1 50 "
6500	Gold Rings, (Ladies',)	1 00 "
2000	Gents' Gold Rings,	2 50 "
2500	Ladies' Gold Breastpins,	2 50 "
3500	Misses' Gold Breastpins,	1 50 "
3000	Pocket Knives,	1 00 "
2000	Sets Gents' Gold Bosom Studs,	2 50 "
4000	do. Sleeve Buttons,	2 50 "
2000	Pairs of Ladies' Ear Drops,	2 50 "
8000	Ladies' Pearl Card Cases,	5 00 "
15000	Ladies' Cameo Jet, or Mosaic Pins,	5 00 "
2500	Ladies' Shawl and Ribbon Pins,	1 50 "
5000	Articles of Gold Jewelry, Gift Books, &c., &c., not enumerated in the above, worth from 25 cents to $25.	

Evans' new Catalogue, which is sent free to all parts of the country, contains all the most popular books of the day, and the newest publications, all of which will be sold as low as can be obtained at other stores.

Agents wanted in every town in the Union. Those desiring so to act, can obtain full particulars by addressing as above.

N. B.—Being largely interested in publishing books, and buying from other publishers in immense quantities, for cash, I am enabled to make larger discounts to Country Agents and Book Dealers than can be had at any other house in the country.

Any book published in the United States, the retail price of which is one dollar or upwards, will be promptly sent, Gift included, on receipt of publisher's prices.

An extra $1 Book and Gift given to any person ordering ten books to be sent to one address.

Send for a Catalogue. Address,

G. G. EVANS, Publisher,
439 *Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.*

August 24, 1858-3m.

NEW FALL GOODS.

T. F. OWENS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,

No. 1 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

IS now receiving his supplies of new and fashionable Goods for the Fall and Winter of 1858—9.

☞ Farmers and heads of families will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him

No 1 Sheeps Grey Cassinet for Negro Clothing
No 1 Kerseys, Cotton Osnaburgs
Striped and Plaid Osnaburg for women
Negro Blaukets, Domestic Plaids
Blue Demins, Blue Drills
Red, White, Blue and Yellow Flannels
Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting and Shirting
Plaid Lindseys, Kentucky Jeans

☞ Gentlemen will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him

Black Cassimers, Fancy Cassimers
Sattinetts of all colours
Woolen Undershirts and Drawers
Bosoms and Collars, Linen and Marseilles
Silk Cravats and Neck Ties, Gloves
Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs

☞ Ladies will find that they can save money by purchasing the following articles of him

Black Silks, Black Alpacca
Black Tamise Cloth
Byadere Cherbourgs, Florina Lustre
Cashmeres, Mouslin De Lains
Mourning Collars, Shawls, Cloaks
Expansion Skirts, Poolins, Byadere Valencias
Fine White Flannels, Linen Handkerchiefs
English and American Prints
Sack Flannels.

oct 5 T. F. OWENS.

Silks—Silks—Silks!

AT THE BEE HIVE.

5000 YDS. elegant *High* Luster Black silks, at 62½ cts per yard,

5000 yds. Wide and superior quality, at 75 cts worth $1 25,

5,000 yds. Extra width and quality, at 1 25,

1,000 yds. magnificent quality Rept., Brocaded, &c., Bayadere Stripes, prices from $1 to $3 per yard.

COLORED SILKS.

1,000 yds Bayadere Stripes and Plaids at $1.

5,000 " very wide and splendid styles, at $1 75.

—ALSO—

Black and Colored Robes of magnificent style and quality, at a tremendous reduction.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS!

Raglands and Circular Shawls, the newest style of goods in market in great variety.

The BEE HIVE is No. 57, Main street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. oc 5

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

I WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Elizabeth City, and those of Pasquotank, and the surrounding counties, that I am located in this City for the purpose of carrying on the

PAINTING BUSINESS

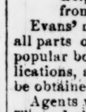
in all its branches—PAINTING, GLAZING, GILDING, GRAINING, &c., &c.

All persons having leaky roofs or leaks around chimneys, or ragged windows, can have them remedied by giving me a call, or leaving their orders at the Leigh House or at the City Hotel. All orders will be attended to with promptness and despatch.

☞ The best references can be given.

Oct. 5—3t. I. I. GUY.

FOR SALE.



THE FAST SAILING YACHT *AMERICA*, 31 feet in length, on top, 10 feet beam, draws 2½ feet water. Warranted perfectly sound and in good order. Apply by letter or otherwise to

P. H. DOZIER,
oc 5 Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ Washington Times and Sentinel copy.

"TIN WARE."

WE WOULD SAY TO OUR CUSTOMERS and the public that we have on hand and are manufacturing the largest and best stock of Tin and Japanned Ware ever before exhibited in this market. Country merchants and others will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
se 28 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

To Newspaper Publishers.

THE SUBSCRIBER is desirous of obtaining a situation in a newspaper office anywhere in Eastern North Carolina. Being a good practical printer at book, job-work, &c., he feels confident he would give satisfaction to his employer. A line addressed to the publishers of this paper, or to me, will meet with prompt attention.

WM. R. CARSON,
at Wendell's office,
May 18, 1858-(2t.) Washington, D. C.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE Estate of Peter Copes, dec'd., are hereby notified to make immediate payment, or their bills will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection; and all persons having claims against the estate of said dec'd, to present the same for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of recovery.

W. W. KENNEDY, Ex'r.

Sept. 28, 1858. 8—tf.

NEW CARRIAGE AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and the surrounding county, that he has opened a REPOSITORY for the sale of CARRIAGES, and a good assortment will be constantly kept on hand, at the Livery Stable of Mr. A. L. Jones—consisting of **Buggies, Rockaways, Sulkies, &c., &c.,** which will be sold at prices to suit the times.—Also, a fine assortment of HARNESS, at low prices.

The business will be under the control of Mr. J. C. Whitehurst. The public are respectfully invited to give me a call before buying elsewhere.

J. C. WHITEHURST, Ag't.
for A. Wrenn, of the late firm of Jenkins & Wrenn, Norfolk, Va. feb 23-6m.

POPULAR MUSIC FOR THE PIANO.—The Virginia Washington Monument Grand March—25c.; Crotchet and Quaver Rondos, 25c; Shells of Ocean, 25c, Beautiful Sea, 25c, Willie we have missed you, 25c, La Varsovia, a dance, 25c, Annie Laurie, 12½c, Old Fashioned Cotillions, with appropriate figures, 25c, The Lancers Quadrilles, 25c, Rosalie the Prairie Flower, 25 cents.

The above, together with a very large stock of Music, on hand, for sale by

VICKERY & COMPANY,
City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

N. B.—Any piece required, not on hand, can be procured in a few days. my 11

HOUSEKEEPERS, TAKE NOTICE.

NOW is the time, and ROBERTS & CO.'S is the place, to buy one of the XL all ventilated Refrigerators,

Improved Water Coolers,
Patent and plain Ice Cream Freezers,
Tin Safes, Summer Furnaces,
Patent Fruit Jars,
Ice Pitchers, New World Cook Stoves,
Kerosene Lamps, Fluid Lamps of all kinds,
Niagara Jet Shower Bath, Sits Baths, Bathing Tubs,
Tin and Japaned Ware of all kinds,
Agricultural Boilers, &c.

All of which we offer at extremely low rates.

Norfolk, Va., June 29.

HARDWARE

SOUTHERN IMPORTING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

Head of the Square, Sign of the Saws.

ASK the attention of merchants of Virginia and North Carolina to their large and selected stock of HARDWARE, imported directly from Europe, and purchased from the most extensive manufacturers in this country, upon as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in the Northern or Eastern cities, and better adapted to the wants of the Southern public.

Norfolk, Sept 23

ATLANTIC IRON WORKS COMPANY,
NORFOLK, VA.

ARE prepared to execute promptly orders to any extent for

CASTINGS,
FORGINGS,
BOILERS,
ENGINES,

And all other Machinery. Long experience, combined with the most improved tools, and machinery, as well as greatly enlarged facilities, enable this Company to compete with similar establishments North or South.

Orders directed to "Atlantic Iron Works Company, Norfolk, Va.," will receive strict attention.

☞ The highest Cash price paid for old Cast Iron, Brass, Copper, &c.

G. R. DAVIDS, Superintendent.

DIRECTORS—Sam'l H. Hodges, President; R. H. Chamberlaine, G. W. Farant. [ap 13]y.

RICHMOND POTTERY.—SHERWOOD & YOUNG, Agents, have on hand a large assortment of Jars, Jugs, Churns, Butter Pans, Oyster Jars, Spittoons, Pitchers, &c., for sale at factory price. Liberal discount allowed on sums over Ten dollars.

In connection with the above, we are prepared to furnish ½ and ¼ gallon Jars, made expressly for fruits, with corks fitted to each. The attention of persons dealing in preserved fruits is called to them. Samples can be seen at our store, No. 14 Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va.

WRAPPINGS, Mantillas, Shawls,
Wrappings, Mantillas, Shawls
Wrappings, Mantillas, Shawls
Dusters, Dusters, Dusters
Double width White Berage at the Bee Hive, selling at tremendous bargains
Embroideries for almost nothing
Double Bands, Cambric and Swiss for 37½, 25, 62, 75, 87, $1, and up to the finest imported.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk. jy 13

NEW GOODS, Calico Prints,
New Goods, Calico Prints.
FIVE HUNDRED PIECES.

500 peices new style Callicoes, which are rushing off at 8 and 10 cents per yard, regular price 12½ cents. Now is the time to get a bargain, and the BEE HIVE is the place to find it. No 57 Main street, under Johnson's Hall,

jy 27 JAMES SMITH.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

JUST received at the Roanoke Square Depot, a fresh supply of Roberts & Co.'s Improved New World Cooking Stoves of all sizes. Persons wishing to obtain the best Stove in the country will please leave their orders at once.

W. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
Roanoke Square and Wide Water st.,
fe 16 Norfolk, Va.

ROBES AND ORGANDIES—BY THE YARD—A reduction of 25 per cent. on our large assortment of Organdies by the yard and in Robes.

Berage Robes and Challeys, at a great bargain.

60 pieces new styles fast colored Lawns, at 12½ cts., worth 25 cts.

The Bee Hive is 57 Main street, under Johnson's Hall, Norfolk, Va. jy 13

NOTICE.—I HAVE NOW ON HAND A lot of LIME, which I will sell low for cash. All persons wanting lime will call on me or Mr. James S. Cartwright. Also, a lot of HAY, which I will sell low for cash. Those who may want HAY will call on me at Daniel Richardson's store.

jul 6 B. T. MILLER, Ag't.

ANOTHER lot of those elegant French Lace Mantillas just opened at the BEE HIVE.

2 doz Magnificent French Lace Mantillas, which will be sold at a great bargain.

—ALSO—

A few very superior Barege Robes, the richest goods ever seen in this city.

The Bee Hive is under Johnson's Hall jy27

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. B. T. MILLER has purchased the right to manufacture Wilkenson's Colic and Diarrhoea mixture for North Carolina, and will hereafter manufacture the same in E. City. It will be genuine and can be depended on for all affections of the stomach and bowels.

W. W. GREGORY, M. D.

CARD.

T. G. VAUGHAN RESPECTFULLY OFfers his services as an auctioneer and solicits the patronage of the public. Any consignments to him will be punctually attended to, and due returns made after sale.

THOS. G. VAUGHAN.

Gatesville, N. C. June 2, 1857.

MORNING STAR COOK STOVES.

WE have on hand all sizes of this Stove. Our customers who have been waiting can now be supplied; we are selling them very cheap for cash or good paper, at the Depot.

fe 16 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO

NEW SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT IN E. CITY.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD take this method of informing the citizens of Elizabeth City, and surrounding country, that they are prepared to manufacture Saddles, Harness, Mattresses and Sofas. They keep constantly on hand an assortment of ready-made coarse and fine Harness.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Trunks, Sofas and Mattresses, done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Shop at the Stables of Mr. Charles Brothers.

MARTIN BURK & BRO.

April 5, 1857—1y

EXTENSION SKIRTS at the BEE HIVE.

White and Colored Corsets at the BEE HIVE.

mh 16—6

HOUSE CARPENTERS.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS.

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware**

Call and see us. dec 19

INFIRMARY FOR SLAVES,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened at the Marine Hospital (in a separate building) an INFIRMARY FOR INVALID SLAVES. He has ample accommodations for a limited number, and will give them his careful attention—supplying them with every necessary their case requires. An institution of this kind offers many advantages to masters having servants afflicted with chronic or surgical diseases. And, from its economy, the removal of the expense and annoyance of nursing such upon a plantation.

The charges for Board, Medical attendance, Nursing, and Medicine, are $6 per week, payable upon the removal of the patient.

In cases requiring a surgical operation, in addition to the above rates, a fee varying from $2 to $30, in different cases, will be charged for the operation, the particulars of which may be ascertained upon application at the Infirmary.

The services of any other regular Physician will be allowed, at the expense of the master.

Persons in the country desiring to send patients to the Infirmary, or obtain information concerning it, may address the subscriber.

☞ No contagious diseases admitted.

H. P. RITTER, M. D.

April 27, 1857—1y.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CAMDEN COUNTY.—IN EQUITY, SPRING TERM, 1858.

Frances Conway vs Albert Conway. } Divorce and Sequestration.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant, Albert Conway, is not an inhabitant of this State, and that the said defendant has absconded so that the ordinary process of the Courts of this State cannot be served upon him. It is ordered that publication be made in the Democratic Pioneer, a newspaper publi hed in Elizabeth City for six weeks, that the said Defendant appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held for the county of Camden, at the Courthouse in Camden, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in September next; then and there to plead, answer, demur, &c., or the Court will proceed to hear and determine the said cause *ex parte*.

Attest, J. A. SPENCER, Clerk and Master of said Court, 5th Monday after 4th Monday in March, A. D., 1858.

JOS. A. SPENCER, C. M. E.

Sept. 7, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 5—6w.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
HERTFORD COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, A. D. 1858.

John H. Davidson *vs.* H. T. Brantly.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant, H. T. Brantly, is a non-resident of this State, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the "Democratic Pioneer" for six weeks, notifying the said H. T. Brantly that he personally be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Winton, on the fourth Monday of November next, then and there to answer, plead or demur to the said case, or judgment will be entered against him.

Witness, STARKEY S. HARRELL, Clerk of our said Court, at Office in Winton, the 23d September, 1858.

S. S. HARRELL, Cl'k.

Sept. 28, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 8—6w.

MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER OF GRANBY & MAIN STREETS, AND IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,

NORFOLK, VA.

THE SUBSCRIBER MANUFACTURERS TO order and has constantly on hand, a large and superior assortment of *Italian* and *American* Marble

MONUMENTS,
TOMBS,
HEAD PIECES, &c.,

which he offers at such prices as cannot fail to give satisfaction. ☞ Carving and every description of Lettering neatly executed.

Marble, Granite, Coping, Curbing, Flagstones, &c., furnished for building and other purposes. Satisfaction guarantied in every particular.

☞ Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

JNO. D. COUPER.

April 27, 1858—1y.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN CURRITUCK COUNTY, N. C.

THE undersigned having removed from North Carolina, desires to sell his property at Sligo, in the County of Currituck. There are one hundred and ninety-two acres of land, (about thirty acres of which are cleared,) upon which are two Dwellings (one in excellent order) and all necessary out-houses. There are also upon the premises two STORE-HOUSES, one of which is a very large and substantial building, and the other, though not so large, is in excellent order. Also, two large warehouses. These Houses are on the main road leading from Camden County to Currituck C. H., Norfolk, &c.; and are among the best stands for merchandising anywhere in the country—being, besides, within two hundred yards of navigable water.

If this property is not disposed of at private sale before TUESDAY of the next County Court of Currituck, it will on that day be offered for sale to the highest bidder.

For further particulars, apply, by letter or in person, to the subscriber at Deep Creek, Va.

A. H. LINDSAY.

Deep Creek, Va., June 22, 1858. } 46-tf.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CURRITUCK COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions—August Term, A. D. 1858.

James B. Snowden vs. Alpheus Fanshaw. } Attachment.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court that the Defendant, Alpheus Fanshaw, has not replevied the property levied on, according to Law, on motion, it is ordered by the Court that publication be made in the "Democratic Pioneer" for six weeks, notifying the said Alpheus Fanshaw that he personally be and appear at the next Term of this Court, to be held at the Court-house in Currituck County, on the last Monday in November next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said suit, or Judgment pro confesso will be taken against him.

Witness, J. W. BAXTER, Clerk of our said Court, at office in said County, September 20th, A. D. 1858.

J. W. BAXTER, C. C. C.

Sept. 28, 1858. [Pr. adv. $5.62½.] 8—6w.

FALL HARDWARE TRADE 1857.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HEAD OF THE SQUARE,

SIGN OF THE SAWS,

NORFOLK, VA.

ARE receiving their Foreign and Domestic Hardware suited to the wholesale trade, which they offer at reduced prices, and upon as accommodating terms as any other establishment in the United States, such as

Ducking Guns, Sporting Guns, Boy's Double and Single Guns.

Log, Trace, Back Band, and Breast Chains.

Stewart, Mann's, Collins' and A. R. & C. superior long bit Axes.

C. S. Grub Hoes, Ames and other makes Shovel and Spades.

Rodgers & Wosteaholm's Scutling, Vices, Bellows, Anvils.

With a large collection of HOUSE KEEPING articles.

Merchants and consumers are respectfully requested to call and examine

At the Hardware store,
Head of the Square,
Sign of the Saws,
sep 29 Norfolk, Va.

FOR SALE.

THE FISHERY on Croatan, known as the "HAUL OVER," formerly the property of A. Anderson. Apply to G. F. Anderson Norfolk Va., or to John Pool, E. City, N. C.

ja 15th, 1857.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

DOCTOR JOHNSTON,

THE founder of this Celebrated Institution, offers the most certain, speedy, and only effectual remedy in the world for Gleets, Strictures, Seminal weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Debility, Impotency, Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Affections of the Kidneys, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin; and all those serious and melancholy Disorders arising from the destructive habits of Youth, which destroy both body and mind. These secret and solitary practices are more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the mariners Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes of anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or awaked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with all confidence.

Marriage.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consult Dr. Johnston, and be restored to perfect health.

He who places himself under the care of Dr Johnston, may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

Organic Weakness

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This disease is the penalty most frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue.—Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling it to improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged; the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, &c.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞ Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place.

A Cure Warranted, or no Charge Made, in from One to Two Days.

NO MERCURY OR NAUSEOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to 'that bourne from whence no traveler returns.' To such therefore Dr Johnston pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first Hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend a safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that dreadful poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunate sufferer to an untimely grave, or else make the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice!

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgencies and solitary habits which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either Business, Study, Society or Marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz:—We

EDUCATIONAL.

HERTFORD MALE AND FEMALE ACADEMY,

HERTFORD, N. C.

D. BARCLIFT, Principal.
W. H. WEATHERLY, A. B., Assistant,

IN MALE DEPARTMENT;

D. BARCLIFT, Principal.
MISS VIRGINIA WOOD, and
MISS EMMA S. GORDON, Assistants,

IN FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

THE Scholastic Term of this Institution will be opened on the first Monday in October next, and will close the third week in July following. This term is divided into two sessions; the Fall session ending with the last week in February, and the Spring session beginning the ensuing Monday—thus allowing no intermission to interrene.

Hitherto the Male and Female Departments have been entirely distinct, operating under the supervision of two different Principals. The present arrangements propose a more permanent and satisfactory organization, both departments being brought under the immediate charge of the same Principal. The department of Music will be conducted by Miss VIRGINIA WOOD, a teacher of rare attainments, and of great tact and diligence in advancing pupils. Miss EMMA S. GORDON, a diligent and competent Instructress, will teach the English branches and French.

Terms of Tuition per Session, payable one-half in advance.

MALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English,	$ 12 50
Mathematics and Higher English Branches,	15 00
Ancient Languages,	20 00
Vocal Music,*	4 00
Incidentals,	1 00

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Primary English,	$ 10 00
Mathematics and Higher English Branches,	12 00
Latin,	7 50
French,	7 50
Music on Piano, with use of instrument,	20 00
Drawing, &c., &c.,	5 00
Vocal Music,*	4 00
Incidentals,	1 00

* Instruction in Vocal Music will be given optional with the parent, with the additional charge of $4.00.

Pupils will be received at any time, and charged from the time of entrance.

No deduction made for absence, except in case of protracted sickness.

Good board can be obtained in the best families upon reasonable terms.

A report as to the scholarship, punctuality and deportment of each pupil will be sent to parents and guardians at the end of each month.

For further particulars, address

D. BARCLIFT, PRINCIPAL.

August 17, 1858—2m. Hertford, N. C.

CHESAPEAKE FEMALE COLLEGE,

HAMPTON, VA.

Rev. CHAS. A. RAYMOND, President.

Assisted by a corps of competent Professors and several Female Assistants.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will commence the first Monday in October, and close in July following. Students will be received at any time. No deduction will be made for a late entrance, unless it be six weeks after the commencement of the session. After entering, there will be no deduction for absence, except in cases of protracted illness. All students from abroad will board on the College premises, except at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

EXPENSES.

For a full session, payable one-half at the commencement, the remainder at the expiration of the first half of the session. In the Academic and Collegiate Departments, and in the Special Course, including Ancient Languages and Lectures, - - - - $ 50

Optional Course—for which the charges are extra.

Music, (instrumental,) per session,	$ 50
Modern Languages, each, per session,	20
Drawing, per session,	20
Oil Painting,	40
Contingent Fund, including use of Piano, school room expenses, &c.,	10
Board, per session, including washing, fuel and lights,	150

Pupils purchase for cash their own books, stationery, sheet music, &c., &c., and pay two dollars each a term for keeping in tune the pianos upon which they practice.

Vocal Music in classes at the charge of the Teacher in that Department.

It will thus be seen that the whole expense for a pupil in the Collegiate or Academic Department without Music or Optional studies, but including board and all contingencies, is per year, $212.

If expenses in Music Department are added $262.

Ministers of the Gospel are entitled to send their daughters free of tuition in the Collegiate and Academic Departments.

The location is unsurpassed by that of any other College in this country; and for healthiness, will compare favorably with the mountain districts. Last session there were several young ladies in attendance who came as much for their health, as to pursue their studies; all of whom were in the enjoyment of that great blessing (health) at the close of the School, and will return as soon as it opens.

For further information address the President, or

WM. R. VAUGHAN, M. D.,
Secretary.

September 21, 1858. 7—2t.

RIDDICKSVILLE SEMINARY,

NEAR SUNSBURY, GATES COUNTY, N. C.

M. KELLOGG, Jr., Principal and Proprietor.
A. B. MERRIAM, A. B.

THE TENTH ANNUAL SESSION OF this Institute will commence on the last Monday in September, 1858, and close (with the ordinary intermission during the Christmas holidays) on the third Friday in July, 1859.—While the Elementary Branches of Education will receive that correct and careful attention which they demand, thorough instruction will also be given in Practical Surveying, Book-Keeping, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Mental and Moral Sciences, French and German.

The Mathematical and Classical course will be liberal, preparing young gentlemen for admission to the advanced classes in our most respectable colleges.

Grateful for the uniformly liberal patronage extended him, for a period of nearly nine years, the Principal will devote his entire efforts to promote the mental and moral improvement of his pupils, and is confident and will be to satisfy the expectations of those who may entrust to his care the interest of their sons and ward.

A record is kept of the Recitations, Deportment, &c., of each Student, an abstract of which will be transmitted to the Parents or Guardians, at the expiration of every eight weeks.

TERMS:—Per Scholastic year, for Board, Tuition, Washing and Fuel, $140.

For further details please address the Principal.

September 14, 1858. 6—4w.

NORFOLK CO'Y. FARM FOR SALE

I OFFER for sale my FARM, known as "FAIRMOUNT," containing 250 Acres, partly cleared, the balance heavily timbered with Oak and Pine. This Farm is situated on the Western Branch of the Elizabeth River, in Norfolk county, distant from Norfolk and Portsmouth 6 miles by water, and five by land, is as healthy as any in Eastern Virginia, and unsurpassed by any land in this section for producing early Vegetables, &c. It has on it a number of Fruit Trees and Asparagus Beds, and a never failing Spring of excellent Water, within a few yards of the house. The River front is extensive, and particularly valuable for planting Oysters. The Improvements consist of a new Dwelling House, built of the best materials and finish, in modern style, and containing 6 good rooms, with all necessary Barns, Stables, and other Out-houses, which are in good order.

A more minute description is deemed unnecessary, as any one desiring to purchase, would undoubtedly make a personal examination of the property.

It will be sold low, and on accommodating terms. Apply to me at Chuckatuck, Nansemond county, Va., or, WM. H. H. HODGES, Portsmouth, Va.

JNO. H. HODGES.

September 21, 1858—1m.

TIN WARE WHOLESALE—We have now on hand and manufacturing daily a large assortment of Tin Ware manufactured by good workmen and warranted, will be sold as low as can be bought North.

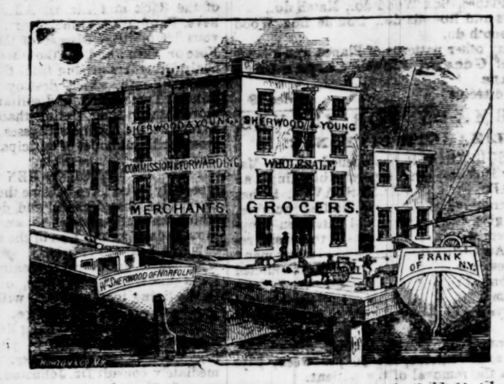
feb 17 WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SHERWOOD & YOUNG,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS



AND WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 14 ROANOKE SQUARE, NORFOLK, VA.

WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

J. M. MATHEWS, WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER, has taken the Store formerly occupied by Col. W. G. Cook, dec'd., and recently by F. M. Cook, in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he will be pleased to see (as customers) his friends and the public generally.

He will keep constantly supplied, as Agent, with a good assortment of Clocks, Watches, Chains, Guards, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, Rings, and all kinds of Jewelry.

He will have made to order any article in his line, viz: Engagement and Wedding Rings, of coin Gold, Spoons, &c.

CLOCKS, WATCHES AND JEWELRY repaired with promptness, and in workmanlike order. All Clock and Watch work warranted for one year.

ACCORDEONS repaired and tuned at the shortest notice.

The Cash will be required for all work or sales upon the delivery of the article.

N. B.—The highest cash price given for old Gold and Silver.

☞ Sign of the Watch.

E. City, Feb. 16, 1858.

CHAINS, KEYS, SEALS & CLASSES, PATENT LEVER AND PLAIN WATCHES

REMOVAL.

T. PARR HAVING REMOVED FROM his "old stand" to the front shop of the Coach establishment of Arthur L. Jones, respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to manufacture any and every article of

FURNITURE.

He will also keep on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. He will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order.

Having a good HEARSE, he is prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. T. PARR.

Sept. 1, 1857—1y

Sign of the Circular Saw.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS

HEAD OF MARKET SQUARE.

ARE OPENING their importation, *Birmingham manufacture*, a beautiful assortment of House Keeping Articles, such as

Coffee and Tea Pots, Octagon style,
Patent Coffee Pots with Steamers, Chafing Dishes,
Waiters in sets and dozens, Sauce Pans,
Porcelain lined Planished Covers,
Old English style Grid Irons, fluted bars,
All Brass Fenders, Polished Steel Shovel an Tongs, in setts or pairs,
Tin lined Copper Tea Kettles.

HEAVY GOODS.

Trace, Log and Back Band Chains,
Elwell's Weeding, Hilling and Grubbing Hoes
Spades, Shovels and Forks, Cut, Wrought and Horse Shoe Nails,
Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Mill, Circular Saws Cross Cut Saws,
Stocks and Dies Hammers, Screw Plates.

NOTICE.—THE HEAVY LOSSES which the subscriber has sustained by the fire on the night of the 21st, renders a call upon those indebted to him absolutely necessary. He sincerely hopes, therefore, that all persons owing him will promptly come forward and settle up. He will further state, that he has taken the new brick store adjoining Mr. S. Williams, and recently occupied by Mr. S. Weisel, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. The stock of BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, &c., now on hand, *will be closed out at cost, for cash*, for the purpose of laying in an entire new assortment. Those in want of articles in his line will find it to their interest to give him a call.

T. D. KNOX.

E. City, March 30th, 1858.

NOTICE.

LIVERY STABLES.

I RETURN MY SINCERE THANKS to my friends and the public generally for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to me, and ask a continuance of the same. I shall always keep on hand fine horses, vehicles &c. for hire, and also board horses either by the single meal, week, month, or year.

It will be my pleasure to accommodate and oblige those who may favor me with their patronage, and therefore will always be prepared to furnish good horses and vehicles.

☞ Stables, on Road street, nearly opposite the old Bank.

CHAS. B. BROTHERS.

E City, July 14 1857.—tf.

NOTICE.

$150 REWARD!

RANAWAY FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on Monday, the 29th day of March, my Negro Boy BOB. He is about twenty-two or twenty-three years of age, bacon color, gizzard-footed, and slightly ruptured. He is about five feet six or seven inches high, has a large full face, and a scar in one corner of his mouth, bitten by a dog when he was a child. I will give one hundred and fifty dollars for BOB, delivered to me upon my farm in Currituck Co., or for his confinement in any jail, so that I get him again. All persons are hereby warned against harboring or employing said negro, under the penalty of the law.

THOMAS L. SANDERSON.

Currituck Co., June 1, 1858. 43—tf.

PLOW IRON—

5 inches wide,	
7	do do
8	do do
9	do do
10	do do
11	do do
12	do do

With a large cut, cut in shape for making Jack Dagon Plows. Send your orders to

S. MARCH.

COOK STOVES, COOK STOVES.

AT the Depot, Roanoke Square, you can buy a Stove that can be relied on, or in other words, it will not break in a week after you put it up—we have no auction goods.

fe 16

THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING; OR JERUSALEM AS IT WAS, AS IT IS, & AS IT IS TO BE.

BY DR. J. T. BARCLAY, Late Missionary to Jerusalem. With a Steel Portrait of the Author by Sartain. Also Chromographic Illuminations in ten oil colors, Periscopic Panorama of the entire Circuit of the City and Environs, explanatory Maps, &c., by Rosenthal. Steel Engravings by Sartain, J. C. Buttre, Dick and Earle. Finest Wood Engravings by Loudcrback & Hoffman and J. H. Byram.

The Engravings will be executed in the highest style of art, from Photographs and original designs illustrating the various phases of the City.—

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL, MODERN AND MILLENNIAL,

Also, Restoration of the Temple and City as invested by Titus.—Notices of its Jewish, Christian, and Heathen Antiquities—Its Present Political and Moral Condition—Future Prospects, &c.

This work is the result of investigations made during three and a half years' residence in the Holy City, with facilities for prosecuting researches never heretofore enjoyed. It was undertaken with special reference to the elucidation of the Holy Scriptures, the Talmud, the Works of Josephus, the Crusaders, and Pilgrim Chroniclers. The many valuable discoveries made in the Temple Enclosure, and other sacred localities, to which Dr. Barclay was admitted by *special* Firman, with permission to explore those hallowed spots, so jealously guarded for many centuries, and now for the first time presented to the Christian public, will introduce a new era in Sacred Topography.

Price $3 50—1 vol. 8 vo., for sale by

VICKERY & COMPANY,
mh 23 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

CARPET, OIL-CLOTH, CURTAIN AND PAPER-HANGING WARE-ROOMS,

NO. 25, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber respectfully invites the attention of the public, to his large and handsome assortment of

VELVET,
TAPESTRY,
THREE PLY,
INGRAIN AND
COMMON CARPETS.

RUGGETS,
RUGS,
DOOR MATS, &c.,
FURNITURE AND
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.

—ALSO—

Satin De Laines, Worsted, Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Col'd. Velvet and Common Window Shades, Gilt Cornices, Curtain Bands, Tassels, Loops, &c.

All of which, together with a complete assortment of Gilts, Velvet, Satin and Common Papers, Borders, Fire Screens and Curtain Papers, he offers at the lowest prices.

WM. A. WALTERS,
Upholsterer and Paper Hanger,
dec 2 No. 26, Main street.

P. S.—Persons living out of the city, can have their Carpets cut and made to fit, by furnishing us with a plat of their rooms. W. A. W.

JOB WORK.

WE ARE PREPARED TO EXECUTE ALL orders for any kind of

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTING,

that may be wanted in Pasquotank and the surrounding counties, on as

REASONABLE TERMS

as it can be done at any similar establishment in this section of North Carolina.

HAND-BILLS,	CARDS,
BILLS OF LADING,	BLANKS,
POSTERS,	BILL HEADS,
WAY-BILLS,	CHECKS,
BALL TICKETS,	CIRCULARS, &c.,

Done with Neatness and Despatch.

Any work handed to us will be done immediately, and in good style; and we hope that all our friends in need of anything that we can do, will give us a call.

☞ WORK done for persons in other places will be sent by mail, if desired.

☞ For Jobs or Blanks, address or call on

J. B. GODWIN & CO.,
Corner of Main and Road Streets,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

P. S.—All orders from persons out of this county, must be accompanied by the cash, together with 9 cts. for every quire of blanks ordered, if to be sent by mail.

March 23, 1858. J. B. G & CO.

DR. WM. G. HANCOCK,

DRUGGIST AND APOTHECARY,
EDENTON, N. C.
DEALER IN

Paints, Oils,
Glass, Putty,
Perfumery,
Fancy Articles,
Smoking and
Chewing Tobacco,
Segars and superior
Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The orders of Physicians and Planters promptly filled with pure Medicines and on as moderate terms as can be had south of Mason's and Dixon's line.

☞ Dr. Hancock's office is at the Drug Store, where he can always be found except when professionally engaged.

June 9, 1857—8ms

STOVES, HOT AIR FURNACES,
FIRE-PLACE STOVES,
RANGES, CAMBOOSES, &c., &c

OUR friends and the public generally are informed, that having largely increased our facilities, we are now prepared to supply promptly all articles embraced in our line, on usual terms, (wholesale and retail) at lowest prices to punctual customers. We name in part the justly celebrated New World Cook Stove, than which there is no better Cook Stove in the country—we have also for sale the Delaware Cook, Complete Cook, Enchantress, Fanny Forrester, Sunrise, Air-Tight, Mornin, Star, Globe, Bucks-Patent, Pacific, &c.

Our assortment of Parlor, Store, Office and other Stoves is large and desirable.

We also offer to the public the Spiral Hot Air Furnace, which is so constructed as to present a very large radiating surface, without the least construction of draft, thus making it a great fuel saver, as well as an excellent heater.

Purchasers will find it decidedly to their advantage to examine our large and well selected stock before leaving their orders elsewhere.

WM. D. ROBERTS, Jr. & CO.,
Wide Water street and Roanoke sq

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE this day (Jan. 8) associated with me in the Upholstering and Paper Hanging business, THEODORE A. WALTERS and WILLIAM BOOTH, Jr. The business will be conducted by the Junior partners, under the name of WM. A. WALTERS & CO.

A continuation of the patronage of my former customers, is most respectfully solicited for the new firm. WM. A. WALTERS.

Norfolk, Feb. 10, 1857.

BOOKS & STATIONERY.

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

W. P. GRIFFITH, having dissolved his connection with the firm of Vickery & Griffith, would respectfully inform the citizens of Elizabeth City and of the surrounding country, that he has opened at the store formerly occupied by the late Mr. R. C. Barclay,

The largest and best stock of Books and Stationery ever offered for sale in the City of Norfolk.

Believing that the wants and the tastes of the people required one establishment similar to those found in the large Northern cities, where a full and general assortment of Books can be obtained, the subscriber has been induced, during a recent visit to Philadelphia, New York and Boston, to purchase from the principal publishers, and at the great "Trade Sales," a superior stock of

School, Classical, Law, Medical, Theological, Religious and Miscellaneous

BOOKS.

Which will, upon examination, compare with any to be found in the Southern country.

My Stock of Foreign and American

STATIONERY.

is very large and complete, it has been selected with great care, and embraces every article required for the School and Counting Room.

MY WHOLE STOCK IS ENTIRELY

—NEW.—

and has been bought upon the very best terms and a large portion for cash, which gives me a decided advantage over all other houses in the city, and will enable me to sell my goods at prices far below former rates.

Booksellers in this and adjacent Towns and Country Merchants, will find it greatly to their advantage to examine my stock before going North.

Colleges, Schools and Teachers, will be supplied at Northern prices.

By special arrangements with the following houses, I shall receive their new Books as they are issued from the Press, and will supply any or all of their publications at their prices:

J. B. Lippincott & Co.,	Philadelphia.
Lindsay & Blackiston,	do.
James B. Smith & Co.,	do.
T. B. Peterson & Brothers,	do.
Harper & Brothers,	New York.
D. Appleton & Co.,	do.
Robert Carter & Bros.,	do.
Charles Scribner,	do.
Derby & Jackson,	do.
Little, Brown & Co.,	Boston
Phillips, Sampson & Co.,	do.
Ticknor & Fields,	do.
Crosby, Nichols & Co.,	do.
Gould & Lincoln,	do.

Orders from the Country will meet with prompt attention directed to W. P. GRIFFITH.

oct 21 Norfolk, Va.

LAW BOOKS! LAW BOOKS!!

THE attention of Lawyers is called to the following list of VALUABLE LAW BOOKS, which are offered for sale exactly at the publisher's prices.

Reports of Decisions in the Supreme Court of the United States, with notes, and a digest, by Judge B. R. Curtis, 22 vols., $66.

Commentaries on Equity Jurisprudence, as administered in England and America, by Joseph Story, 2 vols., $11,

Story on Bills of Exchange, $5 50c,

Story on Agency, $5,

Parsons on Contracts, 2 vols., $11,

Phillips on Insurance, 2 vols., $10,

Story on Sales, $4 50c,

Daniels Chancery Pleading and Practice, 3 vols $12,

Parsons Mercantile Law, $5 50c,

Story on Bailments, $5,

Wheaton's International Law, $6,

Story on Conflict of Laws, $6 50c,

Walker's American Law, $3 50c,

Story's Equity Pleadings, $6,

Drake on Attachment, $4 50c,

Story on the Constitution, 2 vols., $7 50c,

Precedents of Indictments and Special Pleas, by Chas. R. Train and F. F. Herd, $4,

Story on Partnership, $5 50c,

Digest of the General Laws of the United States, with reference to the Acts repealed, supplied, or modified, &c., &c., by James Dunlop, $6 50

Story on Promissory Notes, $5 50c,

Bishop on Marriage and Divorce, $5,

Thornton on Conveyancing, 2nd edition, $4 50

Taylor's Landlord and Tenant, $4 50,

Story on Bailments, $5,

Bishop on Criminal Law, $5,

Angell on the Law of Carriers, $5 50c,

Greenleaf on Evidence, 3 vols., $16 50c,

Angell and Ames on Corporations, $5 50c,

Hening and Munford's Reports, 4 vols., $20,

Tucker's Commentaries on the Laws of Virginia, $8,

Tates Analytical and Digested Index, 2 vols, $8

Hall's Digested Index to the Virginia Reports, $3,

Decisions of Cases in Virginia, by the High Court of Chancery, by Geo. Wythe, new edition, $4 50,

Sand's Suit in Equity, $4,

Mathews' Guide, $2 75c.

Tates' Form Book, new edition, by Sands, $1 25

The above with many other valuable works are for sale by

W. P. GRIFFITH.

feb 3 Norfolk, Va.

LARGE STOCK OF BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

VICKERY & COMPANY would respectfully inform the citizens of E. City and surrounding country that they have recently added to their previously extensive stock of Books and Stationery, and would call the attention of Merchants and others to the following list of stock which is offered at the lowest prices, and on the most reasonable terms—

PAGED BLANK BOOKS.

Ledgers,	Invoice Books,
Record Books,	Journals,
Blotters,	Order Books,
Day Books,	Receipt Books,
Check Books,	Cash Books,
Letter Books,	Bill Books.

The above are of different styles of binding, sizes and ruling. We also make up to order any kind or style of Blank Book our customers may wish.

LETTER AND WALLING PAPER:

Imperial Royal, Super Royal, Medium, Folio Post, Letter, Cap, Commercial, Note, Packet Post, Ladies' letter paper, ruled or plain, Wove or Laid of French and English manufacture.

SUNDRIES.

Gold Pens, Portfolios, Inkstands, Sealing Wax and Wafers, Steel Pens, Fancy Guild and Glazed Papers, Pad Blotters, Copying Presses, Copying Books, Memorandum Books, Note Paper, Blank Notes and Drafts, Books of Bills Lading, Sand Boxes, Sand Thermometers, Gummed Labels, Ivory Tablets, Water Colors, Ivory Folders, Porcelain Slates, Motto Seals, Letter Clips, Lead Pencils, &c., &c., &c.,

Together with every article usually found in a well ordered and arranged establishment.

N. B. From facilities offered this house, at the North, we are enabled to sell all articles in our line on the most liberal terms, and would therefore solicit the favor of a call to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

VICKERY & COMPANY,
ja 26 City Book Store, Norfolk, Va.

ENGLISH BOOKS.

W. P. GRIFFITH has recently received a very large supply of English Books, in every department of Literature, comprising History, Biography, Travels, Standard works of Fiction, &c., all of which are offered for sale at prices far below American publications.

My stock of Books is the largest in this City, and will compare favorably with any establishment in the South, all of which is offered at as low prices as any other house in the United States. If you wish to be convinced of the fact, come and see.

Libraries, Colleges, and Schools furnished upon the very best terms.

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention addressed to

W. P. GRIFFITH,
mh 2 Bookseller and Stationer, Norfolk.

A WOMAN'S THOUGHTS ABOUT WOMEN.

THE last and best work by the author of John Halifax, Gentleman—Price $1

CONTENTS.

Something to do—Self Dependence—Female Professions—Female Handicrafts—Female Servants Mistress of a Family—Female Friendship—Gossip—Women of the house—Happy and Unhappy Women—Last Women—Growing old.

The above with many other new and interesting books are for sale by

VICKERY & COMPANY,
May 4th, 1858. City Book Store.

AGRICULTURAL.

YOUNG AMERICA CORN AND COB MILL,

MANUFACTURED BY

S. MARCH, Norfolk, Va.

THE above Mill, which so far surpassed all others last season, has been improved, and made stronger and better than ever, and is now in the field carrying everything before it. It is the mill for strength, durability and swiftness.

I annex a list of premiums it has received this season, over the "Little Giant," "Magic Mill," Sinclair Mill, Maynard's Mill, and all others that have come into competition with it:

First premium at the N. York State Fair.
First premium at the Ohio State Fair.
First premium at the Michigan State Fair.
First premium at the N. Carolina State Fair.
First premium at the Nashville (Tenn.) Fair.
First premium at one County Fair in N. York.
First premium at ten County Fairs in Ohio.
Trial of corn and cob mills at the North Carolina State Fair, October 1856.

The following table will show the time occupied by each of the Mills on exhibition in grinding half bushel of corn and cobs:

Young America,	2 minutes and 40	seconds.
Little Giant,	4 "	55 "
Magic Mill,	6 "	

Sinclair & Co's Mill, two trials, average time, 6 minutes and 58 seconds.

Advantages of the Young America or Excelsior Mill over all others: 1st, great strength and durability; 2d, simplicity, (having but one set screw to graduate the quality of grinding, which renders it so simple that it may be managed by any ordinary farm hand;) 3d, it will grind more corn, or corn and cob, in the same time, and of same quality, than any other mill in use of the same size; 4th, economy—that part of the mill which is most liable to wear, being separate from the main body of the machine, can be renewed when worn out, at the small cost of $3. Thus in the Young America or Excelsior mill, I present the best, cheapest and most durable mill ever offered to the Farmer. This mill is of large size and greater capacity than any other mill ever sold at the same price.

Price, including extra plates, $50.

I am also manufacturing Cart and Wagon Wheels, Farm Wagons, Carts, Trucks, Drays, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Corn Shellers, and Agricultural Implements generally, and am better prepared to furnish farmers and merchants than any other house in the city.

Call and examine my stock and be convinced that it is to your interest to patronize Southern enterprize. I am unwilling to believe that all the men in Virginia and North Carolina prefer to build up the North and impoverish the South.

I have also a Foundry connected with my factory, and solicit orders for Castings generally.

S. MARCH.

Dec 9 Norfolk, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA AGRICULTURAL STORE AND MACHINE MANUFACTORY,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ENLARGED his Manufactory and opened a regular

AGRICULTURAL STORE,

is now prepared to fill all orders in his line at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms. Such as

Horse-Powers, different sizes,
Corn Shellers, different sizes and patterns,
Wheat Threshers, different kind and sizes,
Wheat and Corn Fans,
Corn Planters,
Plough and Plough Castings
Cultivators, Hoes, Scythes and Cradles,
Reap-hooks, Spades, Shovels,
Manure Forks, Axes,
Trace and Log Chains, Hames,
Oat and Straw Cutters, various pattern
Grind-Stones, Hinges,
Nails, Screws, &c., &c.
Rakes,
Machine Bands, Trace Leather,
Wheel Barrows, Grain Cradles,
Bramble Scythes and Handles,
Cotton Leading Lines, Butcher Saws,
Cleavers, Copper Nails, Wrenches,
Bench Screws,
Force and Chain Pumps, Lead Pipes,
Gum and Hemp Packing,
Oil feeders, Files (all kinds,)
Coffee Mills, Whetstones for Scythes,
Copper Rivits and Bans, Knob Stock,
Padd Locks, Hooks and Staples, Tacks,
Wire and Wire cloth, Blacksmith's Vices,
Sand and Emery Paper Gauging Rods and Rules

Also—

CARPENTER'S TOOLS.

Farmers in want of any of the above articles will do well to give me a call.

Repairing promptly and faithfully attended to.

Orders per mail will meet with strict attention.

Blacksmith's coal always on hand.

tion. W. H. CLARK.

ap 19

IRON, STEEL, AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, &c.

THE subscriber offers for sale, at his Depot, No. 13, Water Street,

100 tons American, English and Swedes Iron from ¾ to 12 inches wide and from ¼ to 4 inches round and square.

10 tons Oval half Oval and half round.

5 do Hoops, Screws and Bands.

5 do American and Eng. Blister, German, Spring.

Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Stocks and Dies, hand and sledge Hammers, Borax, Cast Back and two Irons, Files, Rasps, Axes, Hatchets, Wedges, Grubbing, Hilling and Weeding Hoes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.

150 kegs Cut Nails, assorted sizes.

50 do Wrought Spikes from 3 to 10 inches.

Trace Chains, Whible Treese, Ox Chains, Ox Yokes, Yoke Irons, Bows and Pins.

PLOWS.

For one, two, three and four horses, embracing the largest variety, and greatest assortment, North or South. 50 tons Plow Castings, embracing Mould Boards, Land Sides and Shares to suit, with a very large stock of the following goods, Harrows, Cultivators, Drills, Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, Hominy Mills, Corn and Cob Crushers, Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, Hay Presses, Wheat Thrashers, Horse Powers, Field Rollers, Coopers Lime and Guano Spreaders, Carts, Waggons, Drays, Wheel and Garden Barrows, Carriage and Waggon Boxes, Horse Shoes, &c., with every other implement that can be desired of the best conducted Farm.

For premium Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Straw Cutters, and all other reliable goods, send your orders to have them filled—promptly, and low prices, to

nov 25 S. MARCH.

A REQUEST.

OWING to the recent destructive fire—by which the undersigned has sustained a heavy loss, including his Store, Factory, machinery, &c., &c.—he is forced to *Request* of those indebted to him to come forward and make immediate payment. He knows that, under existing circumstances, a request is all that will be required.

He takes this opportunity, also, of informing his friends and patrons, that he is making arrangements to continue his factory, and will be ready to manufacture and repair all kinds of Agricultural machinery in time for the present and coming necessities of his Farming friends. Due notice will be given, as soon as he opens.

W. H. CLARK.

E. City, March 30, 1858.

NORTH CAROLINA

AGRICULTURAL STORE AND MACHINE MANUFACTORY,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

HUSSEY'S, M'CORMICK'S, BURREL'S REAPERS! REAPERS!!

WHEAT CUTTERS,

FURNISHED TO ORDER.

ALSO HORSE RAKES,

WM. H. CLARK.

May 16th, 1857—tf.

MARCH'S is the place to purchase Farming Tools, of every description.—There you can find

Corn Shellers for hand or horse Power
Straw Cutters do do
Hominy Mills,
Wheat Fans.
Horse Powers, Wheat Threashers. Field Rollers
Corn Planters, Spades Shovels
Manure forks, and other Implements in the greatest variety. Send along your orders.

jan. 5 S. MARCH.

JUST OPENED at the "Bee Hive," two bales of one yard wide Brown Cotton, at 6½ cts. per yd. very heavy goods, worth 10 cts. Norfolk, June 8, 1858.

DRY GOOD, &c.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

T. F. OWENS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS.

No. 1 Market Square, Norfolk, Va.

HAS received a large and varied assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, Which he will sell at his usual low prices

Among them may be found

Beautiful Prints with fast colors
Fancy Lawns, Mourning Lawns
Barege De Laines very cheap
Challies new styles
Debage, Plain and Striped
White Brilliantes
Fancy Brilliantes
Light Blue Muslins, all wool
Light Green Muslines
Pink Muslines
Black Silks remarkable cheap
Fancy Cassimers
Black Doeskins
Worsted Plaids for boys wear
Cotto-ades
Tweeds
Linen Drilling
Linen Coating
Brown Linens
Black Alpacae
Furniture Prints
Lace Mantillas
Grass Skirts
Extension Skirts
Hoop Skirts very cheap
Ginghams, new style
Angola Flannel
Chamiray Ginghams
Net Mitts
Farmers Drills
Tackings

☞ Call and see the goods and hear the prices.

☞ Remember that No. 11 Market square is the place to buy cheap Dry Goods. ap. 6

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP.

SHEETING, SHEETING, SHIRTING, Shirting. Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 6¼-4c,

Unbleached Cottons full yard wide at 8¼ worth 10 cents.

Unbleached Sheeting yard and a quater wide at 12½ cents,

Bleached Sheeting two yards wide at 25 cents,

Bleached Sheeting two and a half wide at 8¼c worth 10 cents,

Bleached Cottons ¾ wide, 8¼ worth 10c,

Bleached Cottons yard wide at 10 cents worth 12½c,

Remember the place is No 1 Market Square, and as our stock of Sheetings and Shirtings is going off rapidly, it will be well for purchasers to call early.—mh 16 T. F. OWENS.

ROSCIUS.

A FOUR YEAR OLD DEVON BULL, BLOOD Red, weighing 1800 pounds, and perfect in form, will stand at the Farm of the subscriber at the low price of Ten Dollars the season. Roscius took the First Premium at the Connecticut State Fair; at the New York State Fair; and at the Late Maryland State Fair. He is the largest animal of the kind ever introduced into this Country, and is of the pure Devon Stock. I would particularly invite all feeling an interest in the improvement of Stock, to call and see for themselves. For pedigree, examine the English Herds Book. Pasturage Free, but no responsibility for escapes.

WILL. H. DAVIS.

Newbegun Creek, N. C., Dec. 1, 1857—tf.

TIN AND JAPANNED WARE.

WILLIAM D. ROBERTS, Jr. & Co., Roanoke Square, Norfolk, Va., ask the attention of merchants of North Carolina and Virginia, to their large and well selected stock of Tin and Japanned Ware, manufactured expressly for the Southern trade, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as similar goods can be purchased in northern or eastern cities, and better suited to the wants of the Southern public.

Also Stores of all kinds for all purposes. Force, Deep Well and Cistern Pumps, Sheet Lead, Zinc, Copper Bar, Sheet Iron, brass, &c.

Ethereal Oil and Lamps of all kinds for using it. mh 23

W. M. MILLAR,

NO. 11 MARKET SQUARE,

NORFOLK, VA.,

HAS NOW READY FOR EXHIBITION A NEW,

COMPLETE AND CHEAP

STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,

which he offers at the

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH!

Doing an exclusive *Cash Business*, we work for *Small Profits*. Persons from a distance who do not find it convenient to visit our city often, can have their orders put up in the best manner. PLEASE TRY US. MILLAR'S

Cash Bargain Store, Market Square,
ap 27 Norfolk, Va.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

WHEN you are ready to purchase Spring and Summer Clothing for your Servants, you will do well to call at No 1 Market square, as we have a varied assortment of goods suitable for Negro Clothing, consisting of Farmer's Drilling Cotton Osnaburgs, Blue Drills, Canvass Duck, Domestic Plaids, Striped Drills, Plaids Osnaburgs, Striped Shirtings, Very Cheap Unbleached Cotton.

The above goods will be sold at very low prices.—ap 27 T. F. OWENS.

EMBROIDERIES, EMBROIDERIES!

AT 50 CTS. UNDER COST.

AT THE BEE HIVE.

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY.

FLOUNCINGS, Collars, Sleeves, & Setts Edgings and Insertings.

Now is the time to get bargains, by calling at the Bee Hive, under Johnson's new hall, Norfolk, Va. JAS. SMITH,

mh 9 Proprietor.

ALLENDALE QUILT.

AT THE

BEE HIVE.

10-4 12-4 and 13-4 Allendale Quilts at a great deal less than price.

Marseilles Spreads at a sacrifice

Hoop Skirt of the latest styles at low prices, The Bee Hive is under Johnson's hall.

May 4th, 1858.

MATTINGS,

MATTINGS,

MATTINGS,

AT THE BEE HIVE.

4-4 5-4 and 6-4 wide, red and white, which will be sold at a bargain.

mh 26 JAMES SMITH.

GRAND OPENING at the BEE Hive, on Monday, Sept. 21st 1857, the most splendid assortment of

CLOAKS AND WRAPPINGS

Of all kinds ever seen in Norfolk, entire new designs at the BEE HIVE,

sep 23 No. 32, Main Street.

TO FISHERMEN.

AT THE DRY GOODS STORE OF T. F. OWENS,

No. 1 MARKET SQUARE, NORFOLK,

You may find GILL NET TWINE of a superior quality, at the following prices:

2 Cord Gill Net Twine,	No. 20,	at 50	cents.	
3 Cord	do	do	" 20,	at 50 "
2 Cord	do	do	" 25,	at 55 "
3 Cord	do	do	" 25,